Документ подписан простой электронной подписью

Информация о владельце:

ФИО: Баянкина Елена Геннадьевна Должность: Заведующий кафедрой Дата подписания: 18.02.2025 15:21:36

Уникальный программный ключ:

c0da0365432d904fe1012769ed1bb42ff58779b3

МИНОБРНАУКИ РОССИИ Юго-Западный государственный университет

УТВЕРЖДАЮ:

Заведующий кафедрой иностранных языков

(наименование ф-та полностью)

Е.Г. Баянкина

(подпись, инициалы, фамилия)

«<u>28</u>» <u>06</u> 2024г.

ОЦЕНОЧНЫЕ СРЕДСТВА

для текущего контроля успеваемости и промежуточной аттестации обучающихся по дисциплине

Иностранный язык

(наименование учебной дисциплины)

15.03.06. Мехатроника и робототехника, направленность (профиль) «Сервисная робототехника»

(код и наименование ОПОП ВО, наименование направленности (профиля))

І. ОЦЕНОЧНЫЕ СРЕДСТВА ДЛЯ ТЕКУЩЕГО КОНТРОЛЯ УСПЕВАЕМОСТИ

Тем	a 1 . Introduci	tion Course
		Вопросы для дискуссии
1.	Where were you	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	What city did yo	
	Where did you g	
	Why did you en	
		vorite subjects at the university?
	Where do you list	ve? ually spend your week-ends?
	What is your fav	
	What is your hol	•
	•	sually spend your summer vacation?
TES'	Γ1	
1. Bo	просы и зада	ния в закрытой форме
	1.1 Have you e	ever visited other countries? - Yes, I to Italy and France.
	was	c) had been
	have been	d) would be
	1.2. I feel really	y tired. We to the party last night and havejust returned home.
	went	c) had seen
	has gone	d) was going
	1.3. At the beg	inning of the film I realized that I it before.
	see	c) had seen
	saw	d) have seen
at G		bus stopped in the small square, Helen her magazine and didn't realized
at II	_	d arrived at her destination.
	read	c) was reading
	reads	d) had read
	·	son in tomorrow's race, because he is too young. They do riders under sixteen.
	won't ride	c) wouldn't ride
	shan't ride	d) doesn't ride
		l bridge in our city. It will be finished next year.
	builds	c) is being built
	is built	d) has been built n raining for two hours. I hope it raining soon.
a)	stops	c) would stop
g)	shall stop	
11)		d)stop has many advantages. It keeps us informedabout the latest news, and also
enter	tainment at ho	

1.9. On the other hand television ... for the violent behaviour of some young people, and for

a) blamesb) blamedd) would blame

c) is providedd)provided

encouraging children to sit indoors, instead of doing sports.

a) b)

a) b)

c)d)

a) b)

a) b)

e) f)

a)

b)

provide

provides

1.10. Some millionaires have lots of money and ... what to do with it. c) won't know a) don't know b) didn't d) knows 2. Вопросы в открытой форме Fill in the blanks with the correct passive forms of the verbs in brackets 2.1. The new chemical ______when it exploded. (TO TEST) 2.2 Acupuncture by the Chinese long before the official medicine appeared. (TO DISCOVER) 2.3. The championship on 3-D Modelling by the team of our University. (TO WIN) 2.4. Preparations _____ by the time the guests arrived. (TO FINISH) 2.5. Students with best exam results _____the opportunity of having the industrial training abroad. (TO OFFER) 2.6. She couldn't answer the phone as she______for the job at that moment. (TO INTERVIEW) 2.7. The trains ______because of the storm. (TO DELAY) 2.8. The graduate's application twice before he succeeded. (TO REJECT) 2.9. A wi-fi network _____in some public places of our town. (TO ESTABLISH) 2.10. They asked us to pay but it_____in advance. (TO PAY) 3. Вопросы на установление последовательности 3.1 Are, more, water, polluted, and, becoming, air, now. 3.2Problem, what, becoming, is, global? 3.3 Not, will, passed, by, have, they, exams, their, arrival, your. 3.4Lake Baikal, the, situation, at, is, very, remaining, serious. 3.5 You, already, have, your, finished, work, diploma? 3.6 Not, I, Business English, am, yet, doing. 4. Вопросы на установление соответствия. Match the two parts of the sentences. 4.1 1. If you have any question you'll see better. a) 2. If you put the light on b) on well with our parents. 3. My brother and I get please do not hesitate to contact me. c) 4.2 1. We are interested out with his siblings. a) If you turn on the electrical heater to hear about the conference in Madrid. b) 3. Harry sometimes falls you'll feel warmer. c) 4.3 1. Could you please but I can't help you. a) 2. If you have something to eat b) send me some further information. 3. I'm sorry c) you won't be hungry. 4.4 1. If you go to bed earlier a) for your recent application. 2. Jenny has to deal you'll feel better in the morning. b) 3. Thank you with her daughter's temper. c) 4.5 1. I'd like to get a) at our website. 2. If you take an umbrella today to know the new boy in our class. b) Please take a look you won't get wet. c)

Teмa 2 . Different Types of Education

Вопросы для дискуссии

1. What stages is formal education divided into in Russia?

	2. Are there private schools in t	he UK?
	<u>-</u>	the educational system in the USA?
	4. What is education?	2
	5. What is vocational education	1? ho stops learning is old, whether at twenty or eighty. Anyone whokeeps
	learning stays young." Do you	
		hings? Give an example if you can.
		d? Is it hard work? How can a student get energy for study?
	9. What characteristics should a	a good teacher have?
		becoming a teacher? Why or why not?
		own. What things, if any, have you learned without teachers or formal
	education?	
	Вопросы и задания в тестов	вой форме
	TEST 2	• •
	1. Вопросы в закрытой	ž donyo
(م		speak English? I for a hotel.
a)		c) was looking
b)	e	d) have been looking
		anted a relaxing holiday, so we tostay on a small island.
a)		c) had chosen
b)		d)chose
	1.3Mathematics hard. I	
a)		c)was
b)		d) were
	1.4 While we for the tra	
a)		c) was waiting
b)	C	d) were waiting
	_	that every house in that street
	already by the police.	
	a) search	c) had been searched
	b) were searched	d)searched
	1.6 There is going to be a b	oig art exhibition. It a lot of visitors.
a)	attracts	c) has attracted
b)	will attract	d)attracted
	1.7 The result of his inves	tigation in the news paper soon.
a)	publish	c) will be published
b)	be published	d) is published
	1.8When they arrived hom	ne, their children outside the doorwaiting for them.
a)	sit	c) was sitting
b)	are sitting	d) were sitting
	1.9 We a new computer	not long ago. Now the job will be donemuch more quickly.
a)	had bought	c)bought
b)	was bought	d) have bought
	2. 2. Вопросы в открытой ф	•
	Fill in the blanks with the cor	rect passive forms of the verbs in brackets
	2.1 She couldn't answer the ni	none as shefor the job at that moment. (TO INTERVIEW)
	2.2. The trains because of	

2.3. The graduate's applicationtwice before he succeeded. (TO REJECT) 2.4. A wi-fi network in some public places of our town. (TO ESTABLISH) 2.5. They asked us to pay but it in advance. (TO PAY) 2.6. The new chemical when it exploded. (TO TEST) 2.7. Acupuncture by the Chinese long before the official medicine appeared. (TO DISCOVER) 2.8. The championship on 3-D Modelling by the team of our University. (TO WIN) 2.9. Preparations by the time the guests arrived. (TO FINISH) 2.10. Students with best exam results the opportunity of having the industrial training abroad. (TO OFFER 3. Вопросы на установление последовательности 3.1 Are, more, water, polluted, and, becoming, air, now. 3.2Problem, what, becoming, is, global? 3.3Not, will, passed, by, have, they, exams, their, arrival, your. 3.4Lake Baikal, the, situation, at, is, very, remaining, serious. 3.5 You, already, have, your, finished, work, diploma? 3.6 Not, I, Business English, am, yet, doing. 3.7 He, want, not, to tell, does, the truth, us. 3.8 Country, needs, good, every, for, further, specialists, progress, its. 3.9 Was, the, why, production, stopped, TV? 3.10 At, did, find, they, not, anybody, home.
4. Вопросы на установление соответствия 4.1
 Engineers use. Supercomputer speeds are measured b) today are specially built for specificcustomers Unlike home computers, most supercomputers c) in floating point operations persecond
 Input devices are the pieces of hardware which a) the keyboard and themouse.
2. The most common are3. This key gives youb) all lower case letters.allow us to enter information into the
computer.
 Lenona lost some weight a) send me some further information. Is this a carton of b) juice you are looking for? Could you please c) after joining the gym.4.4 As he was approaching the line a) a difficult time during a test. He is famous b) he tripped and fell down. The students are having c) but he is not very friendly.
 How many slices of a) time with us at the weekend. Please take a look b) cake do you want? My parents often spend c) at our website.

4.6

1. Can I get a bar of chocolate for a) to know the new boy in our class.

2. I waited outside the tennis club for b) my brother, please? 3. I'd like to get a long time, but George didn't c) appear.4.7 1. When you rang, I was in a) with her daughter's temper. It's great to appear on the middle of cleaning my football boots. 2. b) Jenny has to deal c) stage, with all the audience 3. clapping.4.8 We finally got to the stadium just in a) 1. out with his siblings. 2. To release your physical tensions, march in b) time to see the match start. 3. Harry sometimes falls time to the music as you are c) singing.4.9 1. I just play football for a) fun and it's not really meant to be serious. Actually I wrote this story for 2. on well with our parents. 3. My brother and I get fun, and I don't want to do it as a c) job.4.10 1. If you buy a cat or a dog a) fun, and I don't want to do it as a job. 2. I loved that film and when it comes out you won't feel lonely. b) I just play football for on DVD, I'll definitely get it. c) Teмa 3. Science and Technology Вопросы для дискуссии 1. What is science? 2. What is technology? 3. What famous scientists do you know? 4. What famous inventors do you know? 5. What scientific fields are you interested in? 6. What do you think robots should be used for? 7. In your life time what changes have you seen in your environment for better or worse? 8. Do you think money should be spent to explore space or is it better spent helping people on earth? 9. What was your favorite science subject? Biology? Physics? Chemistry? Why? 10. How will science change the world in the next 100 years? Вопросы и задания в тестовой форме TEST 3 I knew that I ... her somewhere before. saw c) would see had seen d) has seen When I finally found the house, I knocked at the door but ...the answer. c) didn't hear don't hear hasn't heard d)heard I went out into the garden to fetch my bike, but found that someone ...it. stole it c) has stolen would steal d) had stolen When I... for the keys, I remembered that I had left them at home.

1.

a)

b)

2.

a) b)

3.

a)

b)

4.

a)

b)

looked

was looking

5. I have been working for the bank for a year already, but I ...to change my job.

c) had been looking

d)look

a)	decided	c) ha	as decided			
b)	have decided	d)de	cide			
6.	They spoke s	o quickly that	I what they	were speaking about.		
a)	notunderstand	d c) did	ln't understand			
b)	don'tundersta	nd d) had	ln't understood			
7.	Yesterday our flight because of the fog.					
a)	cancelled	c) ha	nd beencancelled	d		
b)	wascancelled	d) ha	as beencancelled	d		
8	3. I couldn't open	the office door	because some	one it.		
a)	lock	c) ha	ad locked			
b)	locked	d)wo	ould lock			
9.	As soon as yo	ou me, I will	contact you.			
a)	calls	c)ca	lled			
b)	will call	d)ca	ıll			
10.	I him sind	ce he started w	orking here.			
a)	have never tr	usted c)trus	ted			
b)	had never tru	sted d)trus	st			
	11Oh dear. I pre	essed the	button			
	a) incorrect	b) wrong	c) false			
	101 con't use my	mobile phone. T	he battery's			
	a) over	b) flat	c) exhausted	·		
	ŕ	,	,			
	•		t, but it's very	·		
	a) down	b) short	c) low			
	-	nera is very				
	a) easy to useb) uncomplicated c) obvious					
	15My new comp	•		processor.		
	a) quick	b) high speed	c) fast			
	16The X19 not	ebook computer f	eatures a very	design.		
	a) compact	b)little	c) small	_		
	17 Keening files	on paper is	sol	ution		
	a) an old-tech	b) a past-tech	c) a low-tech			
		_		solution.		
	a) new-tech		c) high-tech			
	9. My new PDA is the	model.		1		
	a) latest b)newest 20. <u>In our offic</u> e, we'v	ro sot up o	c) most n	nodern		
	a) wire-free	-	c) wireless			
•		,	,	19 .		
		=		distance.		
	a) far	b) long	•			
	22 I don't think	this printer is		_with my computer.		
	a) compatible	b) connectable	c) suitable			
	23 My laptop is	only 3 centimeter	S	·		
	a) thick					
			very			
	a) light	b) white	c) bright			
	25 In three or fe	our years, my new	computer will pro	obably be		

a) old fashioned b) behind the times c) obsolete

2/ Вопросы и задания в открытой форме

- 2.10 Working with small children is a very......job. (STRESS)
- 2.11 We have known each other since our(CHILD)
- 2.13 If you make a good......at the interview, you will get the job. (IMPRESS)
- 2.14 You are never too old to go to college and gain some.......................(QUALIFY)
- 2.15 Some old laws are no longer.....(EFFECT)
- 2.16 The weatherman says there is a strongof rain today (POSSIBLE)
- 2,17I always have my mobile phone with me. I am completely......without it. (HELP)
- 2.18 Eating chips is not very.....(HEALTH).
- 2.19 I love these shoes. They are so.....(COMFORT).
- 2.20 I want to be a.....when I'm older. (SCIENCE)
- 2.21 It's snowing. You need to ride your bike.....(CAREFUL).
- 3. Вопросы на установление правильной последовательности
 - 3.10 working/ stopped/ It / computer / was / when/ very / my/ annoyed/ I.
 - 3.11 speak / How / you/ languages / can/ many?
 - 3.12 it / door/ The / was / open/ stuck / to/ but/ I/ finally/ managed.
 - 3.13Yesterday / down / I / broke / couldn't / car drive / my / home/ because
 - 3.14 yet / you / Have / report / you / the / finished?
 - 3.15 home / I / When at / got / number/ to / phone / the/ her / had/ restaurant / realized/I / left/ that /I.
 - 3.16~ By / cities / the / six/ time / in / she / lived / was / had / eighteen/ she .
 - 3.17 England / People / in / under / smoke / eighteen / mustn't.
 - 3.18 website / I / yesterday / While/ studying / I / was / this / found / great.
 - $3.19\,house\ /\ moving\ /\ I'm\ /\ of\ /\ soon\ /\ thinking$.
 - 3.20 Lorenzo/ love / come / at / is / working / weekend / see / would / to / and / you / We \ but

Кейс-залача №1

After graduating university your friend decided to build a career as an automotive engineer. But now he doesn't really enjoy the type of work he is doing. Would you advise him to take the opportunity to develop his skills in another field or to succeed in chosen one? Give your reasons.

Teмa 4. Engineering in the 21st Century

Вопросы для дискуссии

- 1. What is engineering?
- 2. What branches do engineering encompass?
- 3. What tools are employed by mechanical engineers?

4. Has mechanical engine	ering managed to incorporate advancements in technology?
_	branches does mechanical engineering overlap with?
• 1	about children playing violent video games or computer programs?
	ould be done to people who spread viruses, start hoaxes or create spam on he
Internet?	
•	lentity theft or credit card number theft when buying things on the Internetor do
you avoid buying things only 9. Have you heard of the	Large Hadron Collider? If so, what do you know about it?
	nation are you prepared to share about yourself on the internet
•	
Вопросы и задания в тест	говой форме
TEST 4	
· ·	I was sitting in the armchair reading a book.
goes out	c) go out
had gone out	
I thought I this	film before, but I hadn't.
saw	c) had seen
seen	d) have seen
-	brought me the letters for signature? themyet?
	c) Haven't youtyped
• • •	d) Will youtype
She wasn't sure w	hether she the door of herflat.
locked	c) hadlocked
haslocked	d) didn'tlock
_	morning and haven't finished it yet.
am doing	c) have been doing
do	d)did
The inspector sus	pected that the thief a special key for opening this door.
uses	c) had used
has used	d) will use
I was very tired. V	Vhen I to bed, I fell asleep immediately.
got	c) had got
has got	d) will get
The Vikings to	North America a thousand years ago.
sail	c) had sailed
sailed	d) have sailed
Thank you for you	ur offer, but I not to accept it.
decide	c) have decided
has decided	d)decided
You through y	our old photograph album for half an hour already.
look	c) have looked

1. a) b) 2. a) b) **3.** a) b) 4. a) b)

a) b) **6.** a) b) **7.** a) b) 8. a) b) 9. a) b) **10.**

a)

b)

are looking

d) have been looking

2/ Study the list of the ten most important technological innovations of the past 60 years. Work in groups, and order them 1 to 10 (1 = most important, 10 = least important). Innovation Order ABS brakes Air bags Credit cards Digital camera DNA testing

La	ser eye surgery	
	ong-life, low-energy lig	ght bulbs
	icrowave oven	<u> </u>
	obile phone	
Sn	noke detector	
	3. Put the verb in t	he sentences in the correct tense, Present Simple or Present Continuous.
		Is Davis(teach) Maths.
	2 C	lasses(start) at nine o'clock.
	3 A	lec (take) an HND course.
		e (study) at Telford College this year.
		n Tuesdays, he (study) in the library.
		vant) to be a Civil Engineer. vork) on a project about a new bridge.
		lot of local people (not / like) the proposal.
	9. TI	ney (think) it will increase the amount of traffic near their homes.
10		earry) ten times the traffic it was designed to carry
7	Гема 5. Flexible M	anufacturing Systems
F	Вопросы для диск	уссии
	What is FMS?	yeenn
	What are the goals of	FMS?
		for the automation and flexibility if any?
		es were the first FMSs?
		and drawbacks of FMS?
		MSs valued most of all? Why?
	How and when was F	based on use flexibility and machine flexibility. What are these two areasof FMSs?
		e minimized in flexible manufacturing?
		overall scrap and waste?
-		
TI	EST 5	
1.		strawberries for years but she has never had such a goodcrop
	efore.	a) has been anaving
.)	grow	c) has been growing
)	grew	d) had grown
2.	neien got on t andbag on the bus	he bus and walked into the bank when sherealized that sheher
)	left	c) has left
)	had left	d)leaves
) }.		t cook! This cake wonderful as usual.
.)	taste	c) will taste
)	tasted	d)tastes
, .		ger when I the potatoes. am peeling c) was peeling
)	have peeled	d) will peel
5.	*	. not to be late for their classes.
.)	ask	c) are asked
)	asked	d) are asking
) .		ile Jane she broke two cups.
.)	wash up	c) was washing up
))	wash up washes up	d) has washed up
,	" asiles up	a) has master up

7.	Be attentive and mo	re serious. You always	something!
a)	lose	c) have lost	_
b)	are losing	d) have been loosing	
8.	What you when	n I phoned you last night	?
a)	did do	c) had done	
b)	were doing	d) had been doing	
9.	•	oment, so it doesn't look i	ts best.
a)	paints	c) is being painted	
b)	is painted	d) has been painted	
10.	<u>-</u>	· •	am at thistime tomorrow.
a)	will prepare	c) will have prepared	
b)	will be preparing		rino
,			es. Match the headlines to the correct
	ranch of technology a-		
	MICE GIVEN HUMAN BE		a biotechnology
2.	15 BILLION TEXT MESSA	AGES SENT EVERY	b defence
	MONTH		c crime
3.	USA DEVELOPI		d information technology
	TO FIRE MICRO	WAVES	e manufacturing
	MAJOR HACK ATTACK	OCE ODENIC	f civil engineering
	WORLD'S TALLEST BRII	RLD'S LARGEST SCREEN	g telecommunications
0/	APPLE INTRODUCE WO	ALD S LANGEST SCREEN	h transport
	7. SUNLI	GHT WILL POWER	
	SPACECRAFT		
8.	NEW WAYS TO MAKE SH	OES	
	10. Ms Dav	is (teach) Maths.	Present Simple or Present Continuous.
	11 Classes((take) on HND course	
		(study) at Telford College this	Veer
		sdays, he (study) in the lil	
	15 He (want) t		nary.
		on a project about a new bridge	2.
	17. A lot of	local people (not / lik	te) the proposal.
	18 They ((think) it will increase the amo	unt of traffic near their homes.
10		en times the traffic it was desi	
К	ейс-задача №2		
	You are buying a car in	Europe. The language of	communication is English.
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	characteristics in the order	_
	_		owmaintenance costs, low
		or power. What would yo	
	, prio	r r	

Teмa 6. Computers

Вопросы для дискуссии

- 1. Speak about computer literacy2. In what fields do computers find application?
- 3. What are the main functional units of the computer?

	4. What kind of storage do y	
		we been improved by computer technology?
		nake life more complicated or less complicated?
	7. What computer games have	
	9. What do you think of artif	ay whatever you want? Is it a good or a bad thing? Why?
	10. What is your favorite well	_
-	10. What is your favorite we	sale.
	TEST 6	
1.	My passport la	st month, and nobody has found it yet .
a)	lost	c) has been lost
b)	was lost	d) had been lost
2.	There's going to b	e an interesting art exhibition. It a lot of visitors.
a)	attracts	c) will attract
b)	attract	d) would attract
3.	Have you head the	e news? He all his exams this week.
a)	passed	c) had passed
b)	has passed	d)pass
4.	-	t to the cinema the film
a)	will begin	c) will have begun
b)	begins	d)began
5.	_	at 8 a.m. He's packing his things at the moment.
a)	leave	c) hasleft
b)	leaves	d) wouldleave
		to see Ben behaving like that.
a)		c) being shocked
b)		d)shock
7.	•	when the postman knocked on the door
	and entered the room.	when the postman imperior on the door
a)	speak	c) was speaking
b)	am speaking	d) have spoken
	1 0	his town more than twenty years ago. Everything in the town
	since that time.	ins to wir more than twenty years agoin very timing in the town
a)	change	c) has changed
b)	changed	d)is changed
9.	•	nat Bill to Brazil the week before, and
	he was abroad when th	
a)	flew	c) has flown
b)	hadflown	d) would flow
10.		ue in September last year. So Ihere for
	six months.	de in September last year. So I
a)	live	c) have lived
b)	lived	d) will live
,		ike. Complete sentences 1-6 with words from the text.
	Kenneth Blake: Furniture D	
		use it's durable. You can make it in a lot of colours and it's easy to mass-produce
	-10 atia itawa	_

I went to the local garden centre to examine the chairs other companies made, the rival products, and to find out their cost - about €20. I bought three different models. I wanted a chair without arms so I cut the arms off

one. This made the back too weak so I added vertical supports to make the back stronger.

I sketched my designs on paper, and from these I produced technical drawings with all the dimensions. I made a full-scale model to make sure the chair looked good and was comfortable.

Then I transferred my drawings to a 3-D computer modeling program, and sent a copy by file transfer to the moulding company.

They made a mould and sent me a prototype chair. I added more supports to the back and the chair was ready to produce.

1	Plastic is very hard-wearing – it's
2.	A company which competes with yours is a
3.	Ahelps to make a structure stronger.
4	Kennethhis designs first and then makes finished drawings.
5.	You can make hundreds of plastic chairs from one
6.	A is a model which is ready for testing.

3. Study the requirements in the design brief for Kenneth Blake. Then match each requirement to the correct reason.

Product: garden chair

Requirement

1. lightweight

2. strong 3. stackable

4. available in a range of colours

5. durable

6. comfortable 7. easy to mass-produce

8. sells for less than € 20

eason

stores easily in winter

spends most of the time outside

c. supports heavy adults

d. keeps manufacturing costs low

e. easy to lift

f. competes with rivals

g. looks attractive

h. encourages people to use it

Кейс-задача №3

Your friend is going to enter a University but he is not sure what profession to choose. He has written an e-mail in which he asked your advice. Your choice is to be an engineer. Explain what life opportunities this profession gives to a person. What personal qualities a modern engineer should have and develop?

Teмa 7. Engineering Materials

Вопросы для дискуссии

- 1. What technologies made it possible to produce new materials?
- 2. What ferrous and non-ferrous metals do you know?
- 3. What are the most common representatives of non-metallic materials?
- 4. Why are the plastics properties indispensable?
- 5. Are ceramics good conductors of heat and electricity?
- 6. What should an engineer take into consideration while choosing a material for the given purpose?
- 7. What are the concrete attributes?
- 8. Is wood still used in construction in the days of engineered and synthetic materials? Why?
- 9. Why is stone considered to be difficult to work with?
- 10. What is the strongest and most commonly used masonry unit nowadays?

TEST 7

- 1. The passengers were tired because they.... all night.
- didn't sleep a)
- c) don't sleep
- hadn't slept b)
- d) won't sleep
- Where is your umbrella? Oh, it seems to me I....it on the bus. 2.

a)	left	c) had left
b)	have left	d) will leave
3.	Bill said that he t	he tickets for the performance the day before.
a)	had bought	c) was buying
,	b) bought	d) would buy
4.	,	know where her friend
a)	is	c) has been
b)	was	d) will be
5.	When we reached the	,
a)	wasn't	c) hadn't been
. ′		d)aren't
b)	werenot	,
6.		d the house and knocked at the door, Ino answer.
a)	heard	c) didn't hear
b)	have heard	d) won't hear
		an is. Maybe she in the garden reading abook.
a)	sits	c) was sitting
b)	is sitting	d) will besitting
8.	My brother.when I	use his computer without asking.
a)	doesn'tlike	c) don't like
b)	didn'tlike	d)like
9.	You can have the bo	ok on Monday. I it by that time.
a)	read	c) will bereading
b)	willread	d) will haveread
10.	Unless we leave no	w, the film will have started when we there.
a)	get	c) would get
b)	willget	d)got
-,	2. Ask information questions	, C
	1. Where	?
	She works in London.	
	2. When	?
	She moved there in 2006.	
	3. What	?
	She designs mobile phones. 4. Who	9
	I work with a team.	 ·
	5. Which material	?
	We use plastic.	
	6. WhyBecause it's easy to mould.	?
	7. How	<u> </u>
	This model weighs 120 g.	
	8. How	?
	It costs € 400.	2
	9. How It has more than twenty function	ons
	10. Where	?
	You can buy it anywhere.	 .
3.	· ·	s clothing and the bike components to the materials in the table.
	Brake, cables, helmet, frame, r	ims, saddle, shoe, soles, shorts, tyres and pedals, wheel bearings.

Material

Reason

Rider's clothing

shorts	Kevlar and nylon	aerodynamic
		wear-resistant
1	rubber	good grip
2	polystyrene and polycarbonate	strong, lightweight
Bike component	Materials	Reason
3	rubber	good grip
4	braided steel	very strong
5	steel	hard
6	aluminium alloy	light, strong
7	titanium	lighter and stronger than steel,
		highly corrosion- resistant
8	nylon	light, flexible

4. Correct the errors in these sentences.

- 1. Rubber is used for make the tyres.
- 2. The frame is made titanium.
- 3. Kevlar is used to making the rider's clothing.
- 4. Because it is very strong, braided steel is used to brake cables.
- 5. Carbon fibre is used make racing bike frames.
- 6. Steel is made iron and carbon.

Teмa 8. Engineering Materials Technology (I)

Вопросы для дискуссии

- 1. Why is it a good idea to review the literature before planning your experiment?
- 2. Briefly describe your last experimental process?
- 3. What are the main metalworking processes?
- 4. What is drawing?
- 5. What is extrusion?
- 6. How can concrete blocks be reinforced?
- 7. Has brick manufacturing changed a lot over time? Why?
- 8. How have technological advancements made contemporary brick plants more efficient?
- 9. What are the physical characteristics of different types of clay?
- 10. What are the manufacturing phases of brick manufacturing?

TEST 8

1.	Before 1	I came to	the office	the m	anager	already	. the d	locuments	•
`			`	•	•				

a) signed

c) was signing

b) hadsigned

d) willsign

2. Peter . his TV-set when I came to see himyesterday.

a) repaired

c) was repairing

b) had been repairing

d) has repaired

3.1 hoped that my article in this magazine soon will be published c) would have beenpublished

a) would be published

d) would publish

4. If you ... hard, you will enter the university.

a) work

c) are working

b) willwork

d) haveworked

5.1 ... him for three years. I wonder where he is.

a) didn'tsee

c)don't

haven'tseen	d)hadn't
My mother in th	school for twenty-five years.
isteaching	c) has beenteaching
taught	d)teaches
want to post this	tter, but I to go out in the rain.
don'twant	c) hadn't wanted
didn'twant	d) notwant
need the car to ge	to the match. I on Sunday.
played	c) haveplayed
amplaying	d) have beenplaying
My neighbour	sed to be such a hard worker, but nowheinteresting everything.
lose	c) has lost
loses	d)lost
I'm so sorry. T	e camera which you lend me
break	c) had been broken
broken	d) has been broken
	es 1-8 with the correct word from the table.
	or vaulting poles because it's light and It bends very easily.
	aint titanium because it's
-	ade from steel because it's
	turns to its original shape when you bend it has high
	Rubber is very You can stretch it without breaking it.
	Diamond is an incrediblysubstance. As well as jewellery, it
	e
o. Keviai uoesii i we	out easily. It's
a invented the can b calculates the po c are near the blin e helps blind peop f cannot see well	description of the Ultracane with information a-g. Add who when the ople. Add which for things. Ition and size of the object person d have tried the cane to avoid obstacles in their path Front and overhead
new type of cane ople call it the Batcane cane receive the reflection. There are four but ects on the left and righted ect, the larger the vibration are roundings as they was ditional information ab	ple
	isteaching taught want to post this let don'twant need the car to get played amplaying My neighbour us lose loses I'm so sorry. Th break broken Fill the gaps in sentence 1. Fibre glass is used fo 2. You don't need to p 3. Bike bearings are m 4. A material which rec 5. is sometimes used fo 7. 8. Kevlar doesn't wear Fill the gaps in the formation describes peo a invented the cane b calculates the posi c are near the blind people f cannot see well g are for objects in formation describes people call it the Batcane. There are four buttoe ects on the left and right ect, the larger the vibration people call it the Batcane. There are four buttoe ects on the left and right ect, the larger the vibration people call it the Batcane. There are four buttoe ects on the left and right ect, the larger the vibration people call it the Batcane. There are four buttoe ects on the left and right ect, the larger the vibration people call it the Batcane. There are four buttoe ects on the left and right ect, the larger the vibration people call it the Batcane. There are four buttoe ects on the left and right ect, the larger the vibration people call it the Batcane. There are four buttoe ects on the left and right ect, the larger the vibration people call it the Batcane.

Кейс-задача №4

Decide what sort of a computer is necessary for each of these users.

• John Willring is a salesperson and he spends a lot of time visiting customers. He wants a

- computer tocarry with him so he can access data about his customers and record his sales.
- Pal Nye is a personnel officer. She needs a computer to keep staff records and to keep a diary ofappointments. She also needs a computer for writing letters.
- The University of the North needs a computer to look after its accounts, its network, the records of allstudents and stall, and to help with scientific research.
- The James family want a computer for entertainment, writing letters, the Internet, and for calculatingtax.

Teмa 9. EngineeringMaterials Technology (II)

Вопросы для дискуссии

- 1. What is chemical milling?
- 2. What chip producing technological processes are available in metalworking?
- 3. What is cutting?
- 4. Which operations can milling machines perform?
- 5. What are the advantages of fiber cement board over other traditional materials?
- 6. How is fiber cement manufactured?
- 7. What is the history of bakelite production?
- 8. What are the stages of bakelite manufacturing process?
- 9. How can fibre-reinforced polymer (FRP) be used in construction industry?
- 10. What is the evolution of mechanical properties in aerial lime mortars?

TEST 9

1. All my money on the way to the airport yesterday and I couldn't fly anywhere.

- a) werestolen c) has been stolen
- b) havebeenstolen d) was stolen

2. This company millions on computers but it doesn't seem tobecome more efficient.

- a) spentb) hadspentc) willspentd) hasspent
- 3. We had to wait until the light.... togreen.
- a) changeb) willchangec)changesd)changed
- 4. I head the news on the radio while I.... home yesterdayevening.
- a) drive c) had driven
- b) wasdriving d)drove
- 5. Before I left the house it to rain and I had to take myumbrella.
- a) started c) had started
- b) wouldstart d)start
- 6. I was surprised that you.... the football match on television.
- a) hadn'twatched c) don'twatch
- b) haven'twatched d) aren'twatching
- 7. When Columbus landed on San Salvador, he....where hewas.
- a) knewb) didn'tknowc) doesn'tknowd) hadn'tknown
- 8. At one time people believed that Columbus....America.
- a) discovers c) had been discovered
- b) discovered d) had discovered
 - 9. The talksin London next week to discuss someproblems of terrorist activity.

- a) isheld c) would beheld
- b) willbeheld d)hold
- 10. Didn't you ... this horror film last night? No, I hate such films.
- a) sawb) seend)seeing
 - 2. Manufacturing is about changing materials into products. Choose from the list and complete the table with the materials required for products A-C.

alloy copper rubber plastic steel wood titanium aluminium

	Materials	Processes
B		
0		

3. Now choose from the list and complete the table with the processes involved in making these products.

assembly impact extrusion bending injection-moulding bonding painting

colour printing plating

cutting welding

4, A. Electroforming is a way of making very accurate metal parts. It is similar to electroplating in that a metal coating is deposited on a special form in an electrolytic solution. The difference is that the coating is thicker so that the form can be removed to leave a solid part. This process allows manufacturers to grow components in metals such as nickel.

Electroforming is ideal for very fine components with precise dimensions. It makes it possible to produce extremely accurate copies of masters. For this reason, electroforming is used in the manufacture of CDs.

B. Water jet abrasive cutting uses a high pressure jet of water combined with an abrasive substance to cut through materials. The advantages of this form of cutting are that the jet can be adjusted and the kind of abrasive changed so that almost any kind of material can be cut. In addition, the material can be cut without changing its properties in any way. With heat, there is always some damage to the areas nearest the cut.

This form of cutting has many applications. It can be used to cut metals, composites, and even thick concrete. At the other end of the scale, fine water jets without added abrasives are used in surgery.

C. Hydroforming is a way of shaping materials such as aluminium or ultralight steel. The metal is pushed into shape using fluid pressure. For example, to produce components for car bodies, steel tubes are placed inside a mould and high pressure applied in the tube which pushes the metal into the exact shape required. Hydroforming a component in this way means that several different operations such as stamping and welding are no longer required.

Hydroforming is used where there is demand for lower weight with high strength. It is used in the manufacture of top-of-the-range sports cars and motorbikes, such as Harley Davidsons. It is also used in the aerospace industry to produce panels for aircraft.

Complete the table for each text.

Process	Advantages	Example of use

Кейс-задача №5

You are invited for a job interview. Make a short speech to introduce yourself and your educationalbackground. What questions would you ask about the company and the job you are applying for.

Teмa 10. Different Types of Vehicles.

Вопросы для дискуссии

- 1. What vehicle categories do you know?
- 2. How are passenger vehicles classified?
- 3. Which vehicle would be desirable for the transportation of bulky equipment?
- 4. What do the abbreviations LGV and HGV mean?
- 5. How can you characterize off-road vehicles?
- 6. Which vehicles would you prefer to drive?
- 7. Have you ever driven a car?
- 8. What is the prime purpose of the vehicle structure?
- 9. Have you any ideas how to improve a motor car structure?

Teddy's words made me (feel) uncomfortable.

10. What determines the size and weight of the vehicle systems and components?

TEST 10

1.

	A to feel	${ m B} feeling$	${ m C\itfeel}$		
2	. Mrs. Po	ttson allowed her guests	s (smoke) in the	e living-room. Ato smoke	Bsmoking
	Csmoke				

- Has the secretary come yet? I want to have my papers (type). Ato type Btype Ctyped 3.

I watched my cat (play) with her kittens. I couldn't tear myself away from that funnysight.

Aplayed Bplaying C toplay

- Granny didn't want my Mom (marry) my Dad.Amarry 5. Bto marry
- Our English teacher told us (not / feel) shy and speak English as muchaspossible. 6.

A notto feel Bnot feel Cfelt

- I have to get my photograph (take) for a newpassport. Atook 7. Btake Ctaken
- There wasn't much traffic in the street. I saw a little girl (cross) theroad. Acrossed 8. **B**cross C to cross
- I have never heard Helen(sing). 9.

B sings A sang C singing

- 10 Mary would like her brother (avoid) Tom's company. A to avoid B avoid C avoide
- 2. Read the last paragraph of the text again and note the advantages and disadvantages of the forms of

power in the table.

	Advantages	Disadvantages
electric		
hybrid (petrol and electric)		
LPG		
hydrogen fuel		

3.	Complete the sentences	s using <i>will, n</i>	nay/ might, (or their negative	forms. The	phrases in l	orackets will
he	lp.						

- 1 We __use petrol engines in the future. There are better alternatives (I'm certain.)
- 2 Hydrogen fuel cells ___get cheaper as technology improves. (I'm certain.)
- 3 A hybrid car ___be the best choice. It doesn't produce much pollution. (It's possible.)
- 4 Solar-powered vehicles ____be the answer to our transport problems. The cells are very inefficient. (It's very unlikely.)
 - 5 Cars ____become much safer with the addition of many sensors. (I'm retain.)
 - 6 By 2015 more people in Europe ___travel to work by train than by car. (It's possible.)
 - 7 As world oil supplies dry up, petrol get more and more expensive. (I'm certain.)
- 8 Because hydrogen-fuelled cars are silent, they ____be more dangerous than cars with petrol engines. (It's possible.)

Teмa 11. Motor Car Components

Вопросы для дискуссии

- 1. How can you characterize off-road vehicles?
- 2. Which vehicles would you prefer to drive?
- 3. Have you ever driven a car?
- 4. What determines the size and weight of the vehicle systems and components?
- 5. Have you any ideas how to improve a motor car structure?
- 6. What is the prime purpose of the vehicle structure?
- 7. What does the suspension system involve?
- 8. What does transmission embrace?
- 9. What are the main parts of the motor car?
- 10. What are the chassis components?

TEST 11

1. Plants die if you (not / water)them.

A won't water B don'twater C wouldn't water

2. If I had one million dollars, I (probably /buy) ayacht.

A wouldprobablybuy B willprobablybuy C probablybought

- 3. How did it happen that you missed youstop?
 - I (not / miss) it if the conductor (announce) the stops. Awouldn't miss D hadannounced

Bhadn'tmissed E would haveannounce^

C wouldn'thavemissed Fannounced

4. What a pity my husband is away! If he (be) here, he (help)usA were D willhelp

B wouldbehere E wouldhelp

Cis Fhelps

5. If I (get up) early tomorrow morning, I (go)jogging.

A willget up Dgo

E am going togoC got upF willgo **B**getup You look tired. If I (be) you, I (take) a holiday. 6. D willtake Ahe Bwere E wouldtake C havebeen F*take* If Benjamin Franklin (not / work) so hard, he (not / become) the symbolof America. D wouldn't havebecome Adidn't work B wouldn't have worked E hadn't become Chadn'tworked F wouldn'tbecome - Did you say anything when he asked you? 8. -No, Ididn't. You see, if I(say) even a word, he(fly) into a rage. Asaid Dflew Ewould have flown Bwould said Chad said F hadflown Would it be all right if I (come) round at aboutsix? Acome Bcame C willcome 9. If you (not / be) at a loose end last month, you (pass) your exam. Butyou failed it. 10. D would havepassedB wouldn'thavebeen E wouldpass Cwerenot Ahadn't been F willpass 2. Complete the text about developments in radio and television. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form: Past Simple or Present Perfect. In just over a hundred years radio ______(develop) into a major form of entertainment and communication. Marconi ______(invent) a wireless telegraph system in 1896. This ______(b the birth of radio. Voice transmission _____ (start) in 1909 following the invention of the valve. Semiconductors _____ (make) it possible to develop much smaller, portable radios. The introduction in recent years of digital radios (allow) us to enjoy much better sound quality. There _____(be) many changes in television too. In the UK the BBC (start) daily TV broadcasts in 1936. Colour broadcasts (begin) in the late 1960s. Since the 1970s satellite broadcasting _(allow) viewers a wider choice of programmes. The recent introduction of digital __(mean) better picture and sound quality. Manufacturers now ———— (develop) entertainment systems which include television, radio, DVD recorder / player, and computer. The Internet —(make) it possible to enjoy radio and television from around the world on our PCs. 3. Read the interview with Todd McArthur, a Telecommunications Technician. Choose the correct alternative. **Interviewer:** How long have you been / were you a Telecommunications Technician? **Todd:** About ten years. I have trained / trained in Signals when I was in the army. **Interviewer:** How long have you been / were you in the army? **Todd:** I have served / served for four years. Then I have joined / joined this company about eight years ago. **Interviewer:** Have you seen / Did you see many changes during this time? **Todd:** Yes, we've replaced / we replaced copper lines with fibre-optic cables and we've introduced / we introduced VoIP phone systems.

Кейс-задача № 6

You are the editor-in-chief of the *Save the Planet* magazine. What issues would your magazine discuss (for example, pollution problems, enhancing food security, practicing organic farming, environmental protection, nature conservation etc.)? Share your vision.

Teмa 12. Engines

- 1. Who was the first commercially successful internal combustion engine created by? When was it created?
- 2. Why wasn't it very efficient?
- 3. What vehicles are internal combustion engines generally used in?
- 4. What is the most significant distinction between modern internal combustion engines and the early designs?
- 5. What is a rotary engine made of?
- 6. Could you name common kinds of fuel used in engines?
- 7. How can engines be classified according to the type of cooling?
- 8. What vehicles are internal combustion engines used in?
- 9. Why do internal combustion engines find wide application?
- 10. What types can engines depending on the engine cycle be divided into?

TEST 12

1. Вопросы и задания в тестовой форме

1. Choose the proper words and fill in the blanks.

- 1. An internal combustion (IC) engine is an engine in which ... of the fuel takes place in a confined space.
- A. melting B. combustion C. forging D. cutting
- 2. The first internal combustion engine ran on..., but worked on a cycle of operations, which did not include compression of the gas beforeignition.
- A. natural gas B. petrol C. coal gas D. diesel oil
- 3. The most significant distinction between modern internal combustion engines and the early designs is the use of \dots .
- A. pressure B. damping C. ignition D. compression
- 4. A reciprocating engine has one or more cylinders in which pistons reciprocate
- A. up and down C. left and right
- B. back and forth D. round the cylinder
- 5. Basic design divides engines into reciprocating and ... ones.
- A. royal B. round C. rotary D. rolling
- 6. Reciprocating engines are classified on the base of position and number of
- A. pistons B. cylinders C. crankshafts D. valves
- 7. A. single-cylinder engine has one cylinder and piston connected to the
- A. crankshaft C. rotor
- B. combustion chamber D. stator
- 8. Opposed-cylinder engine has... banks of cylinders opposite to eachother on a single crankshaft.
- A. two B. three C. four D. five
- 9. An opposed-piston engine has ... pistons in each cylinder with the combustion chamber in the centre between the pistons.
- A. two B. three C. four D. five
- 10. A. rotary engine is made of a large non-concentric rotor with abuilt-in..., moving around a stationary block (stator).
- A. cylinder B. crankshaft C. piston D. gearwheel

2. What uses for information technology can you think of in these places or situations? Match the examples of computer use in column A with the areas of application in column B. More than one answer is sometimes possible.

A		В
1. using barcodes to identify items and prices	a.	Hospital
2. calculating the exact distance to a target	b.	Airport
3. producing scale models of new designs	c.	Supermarket
4. identifying an employee by his or her voice	d.	Design
5. checking credit cards used for payments		security
6. issuing seat numbers	e.	Library
7. analysing blood tests	f.	Military
8. storing employee records	g.	Oil refinery
9. keeping a record of all borrowings	h.	The home
10. calculating the stress on a component		
11. controlling the temperature of a washing machine		
12. monitoring the safety of each stage in the process		
13. warning when aircraft are too close		
14. monitoring the life signs of a patient		
15. comparing fingerprints		
16		
o-ordinating information from all parts of a war-zone		

3. Collocations are words which are often used together. The verbs in column A are used in computing. Match them with an appropriate noun from column B.

click on a men calculate an ico download a page display pictur create the W scroll up / down costs surf a new select from inform	on e es es geb document

4. Use the phrases from 1 to fill the gaps in the sentences.

1.	Flat screens around the airport displayon all arrivals and departures.
2.	Click on thefor PowerPoint to prepare a presentation.
3.	You can download from your camera.
4.	Spreadsheets are used to calculate
5.	Scroll down theuntil you find the information you need.
6.	1 normally spending at least one hour a day surfing
7.	She createdto keep track of software updates.
8	You can select from the to choose which application you need

Шкала оценивания

Вопросы для дискуссии *Шкала оценивания*: 100 бальная. Критерии оценивания:

85-100 баллов (или оценка «отлично») выставляется обучающемуся, если он принимает активное участие в беседе по большинству обсуждаемых вопросов (в том числе самых сложных); демонстрирует сформированную способность к диалогическому мышлению, проявляет уважение и интерес к иным мнениям; владеет глубокими (в том числе дополнительными) знаниями по существу обсуждаемых вопросов, ораторскими способностями и правилами ведения полемики; строит логичные, аргументированные, точные и лаконичные высказывания, сопровождаемые яркими примерами; легко и заинтересованно откликается на неожиданные ракурсы беседы; не нуждается в уточняющих и (или) дополнительных вопросах преподавателя.

70-84 баллов (или оценка «хорошо») выставляется обучающемуся, если он принимает участие в обсуждении не менее 50% дискуссионных вопросов; проявляет уважение и интерес к иным мнениям, доказательно и корректно защищает свое мнение; владеет хорошими знаниями вопросов, в обсуждении которых принимает участие; умеет не столько вести полемику, сколько участвовать в ней; строит логичные, аргументированные высказывания, сопровождаемые подходящими примерами; не всегда откликается на неожиданные ракурсы беседы; не нуждается в уточняющих и (или) дополнительных вопросах преподавателя.

50-69 баллов (или оценка «удовлетворительно») выставляется обучающемуся, если он принимает участие в беседе по одному-двум наиболее простым обсуждаемым вопросам; корректно выслушивает иные мнения; неуверенно ориентируется в содержании обсуждаемых вопросов, порой допуская ошибки; в полемике предпочитает занимать позицию заинтересованного слушателя; строит краткие, но в целом логичные высказывания, сопровождаемые наиболее очевидными примерами; теряется при возникновении неожиданных ракурсов беседы и в этом случае нуждается в уточняющих и (или) дополнительных вопросах преподавателя.

Тесты

Шкала оценивания: 100 балльная.

Критерии оценивания: Каждый вопрос (задание) в тестовой форме оценивается по дихотомической шкале: выполнено -1 балл, не выполнено -0 баллов. Применяется следующая шкала перевода баллов в оценку по 5-балльной шкале: \square 85-100 баллов соответствуют оценке «отлично»; \square 70-84 баллов - оценке «хорошо»; \square 50-69 баллов - оценке «удовлетворительно»; \square 3 балла и менее - оценке «неудовлетворительно».

Кейс-задача

Шкала оценивания: 3 балльная.

Критерии оценивания:

- **3 балла** (или оценка **«отлично»)** выставляется обучающемуся, если задача решена правильно, в установленное преподавателем время или с опережением времени, при этом обучающемуся предложено оригинальное (нестандартное) решение, или наиболее эффективное решение, или наиболее рациональное решение, или оптимальное решение.
- **2 балла** (или оценка **«хорошо»**) выставляется обучающемуся, если задача решена правильно, в установленное преподавателем время; типовым способом, допускается наличие несущественных недочетов.
- **1 балл** (или оценка **«удовлетворительно»**) выставляется обучающемуся, если при решении задачи допущены ошибки некритического характера, и (или) превышено установленное преподавателем время.
- **0 баллов** (или оценка **«неудовлетворительно»)** выставляется обучающемуся, если задача не решена или при ее решении допущены грубые ошибки.

2. ОЦЕНОЧНЫЕ СРЕДСТВА ДЛЯ ПРОМЕЖУТОЧНОЙ АТТЕСТАЦИИ ОБУЧАЮЩИХСЯ

2.1 Банк вопросов и заданий в тестовой форме.

1 семестр

1.15 He was on a_to the International Space Station.

b. tour

a. travel

1. Вопросы в закрытой форме

1.	вопросы в закрыто	и форме	
	answer for each bland we are going to get to the b. arrange	k. airport. We will have to c. book	_for a taxi to come. d. hire
1.2 If you don't like t a. complain		to the waiter and he can be c. criticise	ing you another one. d. insult
1.3 If you were a mora. polite	reperson, you would no b. considerate	ot have left me waiting for c. kind	you in the rain for anhour. d. humorous
1.4 Oh I am so! Lo a. boring	et's go and rent a video or b. fed up	something. c. tired	d. unhappy
1.5 I don't think Alan a. lonely	is Sherie is at home w b. solitary	vith him. c. unsociable	d. alone
1.6 His uncle owns for a. mansion	our computer companies a b. bungalow	nd lives in a bigout in t c. apartment	he country. d. hut
1.7 I am afraid this ca a. motor	ar doesn't have enought b. power	to get up that hill. We will c. charge	have to walk up! d. engine
1.8 The company did months.	n't have anyopening sh	ops in Paris and Marseille	s so they closed afteronly three
a. profit	b. success	c. victory	d. winnings
1.9 If you want to engshopping tips.	joy the holidays and exper	iencestress this year, he	ere are a few simpleholiday
a. few	b. fewer	c. most	d. less
		is to_a list of who you nec	
1.11 The next step is a. agree	s to_where you want to do b. select	o your shopping. c. find	d. decide
1.12 This will help_ a. fall	_down on the time you have b. cut	ve to spend on your shopp c. ride	ing trip. d. break
1.13 If possible, try to the morning to		ekdays, or if you have to o	lo it on the weekends, goearly in
a. take on	b. admit	c. regret	d. avoid
1.14 Another tip is to a. basic	stock up onitems, such	n as wrapping paper, ribbon c. base	n, tape, cards and tags. d. great

c. journey

d. passage

1.16 Dennis Tito wa	as the first tourist_in space	e.	
a. while	b. ever	c. never	d. even
<u> =</u>	aft left the earth's atmosph		
a. bottom	b. floor	c. ground	d. surface
4.407 111 1			
1.18 Luckily, it was	• •	1	1 41
a. minor	b. major	c. lower	d. worthless
1 10 II	1 6		
	soon and from then on_a s	smootn journey. c. liked	d. loved
a. enjoyed	b. delighted	C. IIKEU	d. loved
1.20 For a long time	e, space travel was_for he	roas	
a. nothing	b. something	c. anything	d. nothing
u. notimig	o. something	c. unything	u. nothing
1 21 Rusinessmen a	re_large sums of money i	n snace travel	
a. moving	b. investing	c. supplying	d. giving
u. moving	o. mvesting	c. supprying	a. giving
1.22 His company	together with many others	want space and space tra	vel to to the public
a. belong	b. have	c. own	d. take
<u> </u>	l ha abla to donart from No	yy Vork at ning in the mor	ming and on hour laterin Talaya
a. reach	b. come	c. get	ning and_an hour laterin Tokyo. d. arrive
a. reach	o. come	c. ga	d. diffve
1 24 Pandas belong	to the most_species of ou	ur world	
a. dangerous	b. dangered	c. endangered	d. danger
		c. chadhgerea	a. danger
6 1	6	E	C
· ·	C	J	Q
1.25 About 2000 pa	andas live in the wilderness	s and 300 live in_zoos aro	ound the world.
· ·	C	J	Q
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range	andas live in the wilderness b. various	s and 300 live in_zoos aro	ound the world.
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры	andas live in the wilderness b. various	s and 300 live in_zoos aro	ound the world.
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks.	andas live in the wilderness b. various ытой форме	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often	ound the world.
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan	andas live in the wilderness b. various ытой форме t to talk to . (H	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often	ound the world.
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the	andas live in the wilderness b. various ытой форме t to talk to (H freat Bi	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR)	ound the world.
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the 2.3 The water	andas live in the wilderness b. various ытой форме t to talk to (Hholiday in Great Bi Can you turn it off? (TC	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR)	ound the world.
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the 2.3 The water 2.4 Two hundred people	andas live in the wilderness b. various ытой форме t to talk to (Hholiday in Great Bi Can you turn it off? (TOby the company (TO EN	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR) BOIL) (PLOY)	ound the world.
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the 2.3 The water 2.4 Two hundred people 2.5 The Sahara is the	t to talk to (Hholiday in Great Bi Can you turn it off? (TOby the company (TO EMdesert in the world.	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR) BOIL) (PLOY)	ound the world.
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the 2.3 The water 2.4 Two hundred people 2.5 The Sahara is the 2.6 Wein Sp	andas live in the wilderness b. various ытой форме t to talk to (Hholiday in Great Br Can you turn it off? (TOdesert in the world ain last summer. (TO BE)	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR) BOIL) MPLOY) d. (HOT)	ound the world.
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the 2.3 The water 2.4 Two hundred people 2.5 The Sahara is the 2.6 We in Sp 2.7 This house is very old.	ndas live in the wilderness b. various LITOЙ форме t to talk to (Hholiday in Great Bi Can you turn it off? (TOdesert in the world ain last summer. (TO BE) Itin 1930. (T	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR) BOIL) MPLOY) d. (HOT)	ound the world.
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the 2.3 The water 2.4 Two hundred people 2.5 The Sahara is the 2.6 We in Sp 2.7 This house is very old. 2.8 Who is that woman?	to talk to (H (H (H (H (TO EN (TO EN (TO BE) It in 1930. (T Why are you looking at	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR) BOIL) MPLOY) d. (HOT) CO BUILD)? (SHE)	ound the world.
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the 2.3 The water 2.4 Two hundred people 2.5 The Sahara is the 2.6 Wein Sp 2.7 This house is very old. 2.8 Who is that woman? 2.9 It'sto go less the salary in Sp	t to talk to (H Can you turn it off? (TO by the company (TO EN desert in the world ain last summer. (TO BE) It in 1930. (T Why are you looking at by car than by train. (CHE)	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR) BOIL) MPLOY) d. (HOT) COBUILD)? (SHE) AP)	ound the world.
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the 2.3 The water 2.4 Two hundred people 2.5 The Sahara is the 2.6 We in Sp 2.7 This house is very old. 2.8 Who is that woman? 2.9 It's to go le 2.10 We Rose	ndas live in the wilderness b. various LITOЙ форме t to talk to (H (H Can you turn it off? (TO desert in the work ain last summer. (TO BE) It in 1930. (T Why are you looking at by car than by train. (CHE in town a few days ago. (T	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR) BOIL) MPLOY) d. (HOT) CO BUILD)? (SHE) AP) TO SEE)	ound the world.
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the 2.3 The water 2.4 Two hundred people 2.5 The Sahara is the 2.6 We in Sp 2.7 This house is very old. 2.8 Who is that woman? 2.9 It's to go led 2.10 We Rose 2.11 Many accidents	t to talk to (H	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR) BOIL) MPLOY) d. (HOT) O BUILD)? (SHE) AP) TO SEE) y year. (TO CAUSE)	ound the world. d. fewer
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the 2.3 The water 2.4 Two hundred people 2.5 The Sahara is the 2.6 We in Sp 2.7 This house is very old. 2.8 Who is that woman? 2.9 It's to go le 2.10 We Rose 2.11 Many accidents 2.12 We're going to the or	ndas live in the wilderness b. various LITOЙ форме t to talk to (H (H Can you turn it off? (TO desert in the work ain last summer. (TO BE) It in 1930. (T Why are you looking at by car than by train. (CHE in town a few days ago. (T	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR) BOIL) PLOY) d. (HOT) COBUILD)? (SHE) AP) TO SEE) y year. (TO CAUSE) ome with? (WE)	ound the world. d. fewer
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the 2.3 The water 2.4 Two hundred people 2.5 The Sahara is the 2.6 We in Sp 2.7 This house is very old. 2.8 Who is that woman? 2.9 It's to go le 2.10 We Rose 2.11 Many accidents 2.12 We're going to the of 2.13 I don't play tennis re	t to talk to (H (TO EN (TO BE) It	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR) BOIL) PLOY) d. (HOT) COBUILD)? (SHE) AP) TO SEE) y year. (TO CAUSE) ome with? (WE)	ound the world. d. fewer
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the 2.3 The water 2.4 Two hundred people 2.5 The Sahara is the 2.6 We in Sp 2.7 This house is very old. 2.8 Who is that woman? 2.9 It's to go led 2.10 We Rose 2.11 Many accidents 2.12 We're going to the old 2.13 I don't play tennis in 2.14 Jane tea wan 2.15 About 2000 pa a. range 2.1 We're going to the old 2.1 Jane tea wan 2.1 Jane	t to talk to (H	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR) BOIL) MPLOY) d. (HOT) O BUILD)? (SHE) AP) TO SEE) y year. (TO CAUSE) ome with? (WE) play (OFTEN)	ound the world. d. fewer
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the 2.3 The water 2.4 Two hundred people 2.5 The Sahara is the 2.6 We in Sp 2.7 This house is very old. 2.8 Who is that woman? 2.9 It's to go led 2.10 We Rose 2.11 Many accidents 2.12 We're going to the old 2.13 I don't play tennis in 2.14 Jane tea wan 2.15 About 2000 pa a. range 2.1 We're going to the old 2.1 Jane tea wan 2.1 Jane	to talk to (H (H (H (H (H Can you turn it off? (TO tesert in the work ain last summer. (TO BE) It in 1930. (T Why are you looking at by car than by train. (CHE in town a few days ago. (T by careless driving ever tenema. Do you want to concern these days. I used to very often. (TO DRINK) in the robbery yeste	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR) BOIL) MPLOY) d. (HOT) O BUILD)? (SHE) AP) TO SEE) y year. (TO CAUSE) ome with? (WE) play (OFTEN)	ound the world. d. fewer
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the 2.3 The water 2.4 Two hundred people 2.5 The Sahara is the 2.6 We in Sp 2.7 This house is very old. 2.8 Who is that woman? 2.9 It's to go le 2.10 We Rose 2.11 Many accidents 2.12 We're going to the old 2.13 I don't play tennis in 2.14 Jane tea w 2.15 A lot of money 2.16 He wants the key. In	t to talk to (H (H (TO BE) It in the work ain last summer. (TO BE) It in the work are town a few days ago. (TWhy are you looking at by car than by train. (CHE in town a few days ago. (Twhy are days ago. (Twhy are you want to concert these days. I used to very often. (TO DRINK) in the robbery yeste Please give it to (HE)	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR) BOIL) MPLOY) d. (HOT) O BUILD)? (SHE) AP) TO SEE) y year. (TO CAUSE) ome with? (WE) play (OFTEN)	ound the world. d. fewer
1.25 About 2000 pa a. range 2. Вопросы в откры 1. Fill in the blanks. 2.1 Where's John? I wan 2.2 Christmas is the 2.3 The water 2.4 Two hundred people 2.5 The Sahara is the 2.6 Wein Sp 2.7 This house is very old. 2.8 Who is that woman? 2.9 It's to go l 2.10 We Rose 2.11 Many accidents 2.12 We're going to the c 2.13 I don't play tennis in 2.14 Jane tea w 2.15 A lot of money 2.16 He wants the key. If 2.17 You are teals 2.18 Tom burnt his hand w	t to talk to (H (H (TO BE) It in the work ain last summer. (TO BE) It in the work are town a few days ago. (TWhy are you looking at by car than by train. (CHE in town a few days ago. (Twhy are days ago. (Twhy are you want to concert these days. I used to very often. (TO DRINK) in the robbery yeste Please give it to (HE)	s and 300 live in_zoos ard c. often E) ritain. (POPULAR) BOIL) PLOY) d. (HOT) O BUILD)? (SHE) AP) TO SEE) y year. (TO CAUSE) ome with? (WE) play (OFTEN) rday. (TO STEAL)	ound the world. d. fewer

2.20 I want those books. Please giveto	me. (ГНЕҮ)	
2.21 I know him well – probably than anybody else. (WELL)			
.22 Margaret can't walk. Sheher leg. (TO BREAK)			
.23 The roofin a storm a few days ago. (TO DAMAGE)			
2.24 Diane never drinks milk. She doesn't like		(IT)	
2.25 Last night I went to bedthan usual	. (EA	RLY)	
3. Вопросы на установление правильной последо	овате.	льности	
Make sentences from the given words.			
3.1 Are, more, water, polluted, and, becoming, air,	,		
now. 3.2 Problem, what, becoming, is, global?			
3.3 Not, will, passed, by, have, they, exams, their,			
3.4 Lake Baikal, the, situation, at, is, very, remain	_	serious.	
3.5 You, already, have, your, finished, work, diplo	oma?		
3.6 Not, I, Business English, am, yet, doing.3.7 Will, several, have, new, manipulators, robots.			
3.8 Seen, you, I, not, have, a, time, long, not, for.			
3.9 People, speak, will, language, all, the same, the wor	rld ov	ver?	
3.10 Power, universal, become, electric, has.	iia, ov	01.	
3.11 Exams, are, when, held?			
3. 12There, no, students, are, the, now, room, in.			
3.13 Provide, a, generator, can, potable, electricity	•		
3.14 Are, taking, what, here, course, you, here?			
3.15 Could, not, we, our, park, car.			
3.20 Speak, the, people, of, their, language, count	ry.		
3.21 Has, the, who, test, finished?			
3.22 He, want, not, to tell, does, the truth, us.			
3.23 Country, needs, good, every, for, further, sp	eciali	sts, progress, its.	
3.24 Was, the , why, production, stopped, TV?			
3.25 At, did, find, they, not, anybody, home.			
4.70			
4. Вопросы на установление соответс	стви	я.	
Match the two parts of the sentences.			
4.1		resp. 211 and bottom	
 If you have any question If you put the light on 	(a) (b)	you'll see better. on well with our parents.	
3. My brother and I get	(c)	please do not hesitate to contact me.	
4.2	()	please do not hesitate to contact me.	
1. We are interested	a)	out with his siblings.	
2. If you turn on the electrical heater	b)	to hear about the conference in Madrid.	
3. Harry sometimes falls	(c)	you'll feel warmer.	
4.3	/	year is seen wassing.	
1. Could you please	a)	but I can't help you.	
2. If you have something to eat	b)	send me some further information.	
3. I'm sorry	c)	you won't be hungry.	
4.4	<i>-</i>	you won too nangiy.	
1. If you go to bed earlier	a)	for your recent application.	
2. Jenny has to deal	b)	you'll feel better in the morning.	
3. Thank you	c)	with her daughter's temper.	
	- /	8	
4.5			
	(a)	at our website.	
4.51 I'd like to get2 If you take an umbrella today	a) b)	at our website. to know the new boy in our class.	
1. I'd like to get			

1. If you ask your teacher questions	a)	to hear about the conference in Madrid.
2. If there's a fire	b)	you'll know the subject better.
3. We are interested	c)	keep calm and leave the building.
4.7		
1. If you use a map	a)	to inform you about our next exhibition.
2. My parents often spend	b)	you won't get lost.
3. We are writing	c)	time with us at the weekend.
4.8		
1. The students are having	a)	to meeting you in September.
2. If you buy a cat or a dog	b)	a difficult time during a test.
3. I look forward	c)	you won't feel lonely.
4.9		
1. Jeremy and Ben have	a)	please do not hesitate to contact me.
2. Don't forget to buy a loaf	b)	much in common.
3. If you have any question	c)	bread, please.
4.10		
1. Lenona lost some weight	a)	send me some further information.
2. Is this a carton of	b)	juice you are looking for?
3 Could you please	c)	after joining the gym.
4.11	Ι.	
1. As he was approaching the line	a)	a difficult time during a test.
2. He is famous	b)	he tripped and fell down.
3. The students are having	c)	but he is not very friendly.
4.12		time with us at the weekend.
1. How many slices of	a)	
2. Please take a look	b)	cake do you want?
3 My parents often spend 4.13	c)	at our website.
1. How much is this tin of	a)	for your recent application.
2. If there's a fire	b)	tuna, sir?
3. Thank you	c)	keep calm and leave the building.
4.14		
1. Can I get a bar of chocolate for	a)	to know the new boy in our class.
2. I waited outside the tennis club for	b)	my brother, please?
3. I'd like to get	c)	a long time, but George didn't appear.
4.15		
1. When you rang, I was in	a)	with her daughter's temper.
2. It's great to appear on	b)	the middle of cleaning my football boots.
3. Jenny has to deal	c)	stage, with all the audience clapping.
4.16		
1. We finally got to the stadium just in	a)	out with his siblings.
2. To release your physical tensions, march in	b)	time to see the match start.
3. Harry sometimes falls	c)	time to the music as you are singing.
4.17	1	
1. I just play football for	a)	fun and it's not really meant to be serious.
2. Actually I wrote this story for	b)	on well with our parents.
3 My brother and I get	c)	fun, and I don't want to do it as a job.
4.18		
1. If you buy a cat or a dog	a)	fun, and I don't want to do it as a job.
2. I loved that film and when it comes out	b)	you won't feel lonely.
3. I just play football for	c)	on DVD, I'll definitely get it.

4.19

1. It's great to appear on	a) you won't get lost.			
2. If you use a map	b) chocolate, please?			
3. Can I get a bar of	c) stage, with all the audience clapping.			
4.20				
1 How much is this tin of	a) time to see the match start.			
2. If you ask your teacher questions	b) tuna, sir?			
3. We finally got to the stadium just in	c) you'll know the subject better.			
4.21				
1. When you rang, I was in	a) cake do you want?			
2. How many slices of	b) you won't get wet.			
3. If you take an umbrella today	c) the middle of cleaning my football boots.			
4.22				
1. I waited outside the tennis club for	a) juice you are looking for?			
2. If you go to bed earlier	b) a long time, but George didn't appear.			
3. Is this a carton of	c) you'll feel better in the morning.			
4.23				
1. We are writing	a) you won't be hungry.			
2. If you have something to eat	b) bread, please.			
3. Don't forget to buy a loaf	c) to inform you about our next exhibition.			
4.24				
1. If you turn on the electrical heater	a) to meeting you in September.			
2. I look forward	b) after joining the gym.			
3. Lenona lost some weight	c) you'll feel warmer.			
4.25				
1. Jeremy and Ben have	a) but he is not very friendly.			
2. If you put the light on	b) much in common.			
3. He is famous	c) you'll see better.			

Шкала оценивания результатов тестирования: в соответствии с действующей в университете балльно- рейтинговой системой оценивание результатов промежуточной аттестации обучающихся осуществляется в рамках 100-балльной шкалы, при этом максимальный балл по промежуточной аттестации обучающихся по очной форме обучения составляет 36 баллов, по очно-заочной и заочной формам обучения — 60 баллов (установлено положением П 02.016). Максимальный балл за тестирование представляет собой разность двух чисел: максимального балла по промежуточной аттестации для данной формы обучения (36 или 60) и максимального балла за решение компетентностно-ориентированной задачи (6). Балл, полученный обучающимся за тестирование, суммируется с баллом, выставленным ему за решение компетентностно-ориентированной задачи. Общий балл по промежуточной аттестации суммируется с баллами, полученными обучающимся по результатам текущего контроля успеваемости в течение семестра; сумма баллов переводится в оценкупо 100-балльной и дихотомической шкале следующим образом:

Соответствие 100-балльной и дихотомической шкал

Сумма баллов по 100-балльной шкале	Оценка по дихотомической шкале	
100-50	Зачтено	
49 и менее	не зачтено	

2. 2. Компетентностно-ориентированная задача.

Кейс-задача №1

You got interested in a newspaper's article dealing with certain problems in the education systems of severalcountries. Do you agree or disagree with the author's statements? Express your own opinion on each point.

• Russia has a national education system.

- There is no difference between "high school" and "higher school" in the USA.
- Informal education involves people in learning during their daily life.
- Higher education is compulsory for getting a popular and demanded profession.
- Education by correspondence is very convenient.

It's enough to have general education to be a necessary specialist nowadays

Кейс-задача №2

Your friend is going to enter a university or a college in the UK. What do you think of it? Share your point ofview.

Кейс -задача №3

You're going to take part in a students' scientific conference. You're preparing a report about science andtechnology. What main points should be in your report?

Кейс-

задача №4

You are a TV reporter at the International scientific space conference. You meet a famous U.S. astronaut thereand have a possibility to interview him. What questions are you going to ask him?

Кейс-

задача №5

After graduating university your friend decided to build a career as an automotive engineer. But now he doesn't really enjoy the type of work he is doing. Would you advise him to take the opportunity to develop his skills inanother field or to succeed in chosen one? Give your reasons.

Кейс-задача №6

You are looking for a job. Think of an occupation that interests you and look through the following list. Whichare the most important and the least important points to you? Give your reasons.

- high wages
- opportunity to use your own ideas
- on-job training when you begin
- further training
- opportunity to become a well-known specialist
- no special qualifications needed
- regular working hours
- flexible working hours
- work in a team with friendly people

Кейс-задача № 7

You are the editor-in-chief of the *Save the Planet* magazine. What issues would your magazine discuss (for example, pollution problems, enhancing food security, practicing organic farming, environmental protection, nature conservation etc.)? Share your vision.

Кейс-задача №8

You are going to join the Greenpeace organization. During the interview you was asked the question about the role of youth in solving ecological problems nowadays. Share your opinion.

Кейс-задача №9

You are preparing a report about the difference between the educational systems of Russia, the UK and the USA for a students' educational conference. Try to compare all these systems paying attention on such pointsas: stages of formal education, types of schools, vocational education, specific features of the educational system in the country.

Кейс-

задача №10

You are at the International scientific conference for the first time. You meet a famous scientist there and wantto talk with him about the branches of engineering that you are going to work in. What would you ask him about?

Кейс-

задача №11

Decide what sort of a computer is necessary for each of these users.

- John Willring is a salesperson and he spends a lot of time visiting customers. He wants a computer tocarry with him so he can access data about his customers and record his sales.
- Pal Nye is a personnel officer. She needs a computer to keep staff records and to keep a

- diary of appointments. She also needs a computer for writing letters.
- The University of the North needs a computer to look after its accounts, its network, the records of allstudents and stall, and to help with scientific research.
- The James family want a computer for entertainment, writing letters, the Internet, and for calculatingtax.

Кейс-

задача №12

Your friend is going to buy a new notebook. Give him a sound piece of advice for a better choice.

Кейс-

задача №13

Your computer has been broken. You are calling your friend for a piece of advice trying to describe the components you need to change.

Кейс-

задача №14

You are meeting your friend. He is a first-year student and wants to ask you about your studying at the University and your future profession. Give your opinion in some words. What would you advise to yourfriend?

Кейс-

задача №15

You are meeting your friend. He is a first-year student and wants to ask you about your studying at the University. He is asking whether you like the way you learn and what you'd like to change. Make some criticalremarks.

Кейс-

задача №16

Your friend is going to enter a University but he is not sure what profession to choose. He has written an e-mailin which he asked your advice. Your choice is to be an engineer. Explain what life opportunities this professiongives to a person. What personal qualities a modern engineer should have and develop?

Кейс-

задача №17

You would like to take part in the Academic exchange program. Please, introduce yourself and your University **Keŭc-**

задача №18

You are invited for a job interview. Make a short speech to introduce yourself and your educationalbackground. What questions would you ask about the company and the job you are applying for.

Кейс-

задача №19

You are buying a car in Europe. The language of communication is English. Think of the following characteristics in the order of importance to you: comfort, space, speed, reliability, safety, design, lowmaintenance costs, low fuel consumption, price or power. What would you ask the seller about?

Кейс-

задача

№20

Your friend is going to buy a car. You are discussing advantages and disadvantages of having a car of yourown. Share your opinion on pros and cons, for example:

- convenience;
- no crowded buses;
- traffic jams;
- difficulties with repairs and maintenance etc.

Кейс-задача №21

Your university is going to hold an international research and practice conference. Invite your foreign colleagues to take part in it.

agues to take part in 1 **Кейс-задача №22**

You got interested in the report of your foreign colleague at the international research and practice conference. Ask your colleague about his research interests. Speak about your research interest

Кейс-задача №23

You are going to take place in an international exhibition. Write a letter to some organization about the shipment of necessary equipment.

Кейс-задача №24

Invite a famous specialist in your field to deliver a course of lectures to the university students. *Keŭc-3aðaчa №25*

You want to get a position in a famous company. Write your CV.

Шкала оценивания: 3 балльная.

Критерии оценивания:

- **3 балла** (или оценка **«отлично»**) выставляется обучающемуся, если задача решена правильно, в установленное преподавателем время или с опережением времени, при этом обучающимся предложено оригинальное (нестандартное) решение, или наиболее эффективное решение, или наиболее рациональное решение, или оптимальное решение.
- **2 балла** (или оценка **«хорошо»**) выставляется обучающемуся, если задача решена правильно, в установленное преподавателем время, типовым способом; допускается наличие несущественных недочетов.
- **1 балл** (или оценка **«удовлетворительно»**) выставляется обучающемуся, если при решении задачи допущены ошибки некритического характера и (или) превышено установленное преподавателем время.
- **0 баллов** (или оценка **«неудовлетворительно»**) выставляется обучающемуся, если задача нерешена или при ее решении допущены грубые ошибки

2 семестр

2 семестр

1. Вопросы в закрытой форме

Choose the correct answer for each blank.

- 1.1 In order to check all the telephone calls made during the month I want the account tobe
- a) itemized
- b) specialized
- c) particular
- d) detailed
- 1.2 All the representatives are allowed to spend money for entertaining with their account.
- a) expenses
- b) expending
- c) expense
- d) expensive

1.3 To spread the cost of spending on articles you buy many big departments let you open a
a) credulous
b) credible
c) credited
d) credit
1.4 Once you are earning money and you want to keep it safe, you can always an account with a bank.a) start
b) open
c) begin
d) commence
1.5 At the end of thirty days the company will ask you to the account a) end b) finish c) arrange d) settle
1.6 The finance director is responsible for the accounts for the business.
a) keeping
b) holding
c) taking
d) finding
1.7 At the end of the financial year it is the responsibility of the chief finance officer to the accounts.
a) direct
b) publish
c) edit
d) print
1.8 Before they got married, they decided to open a account. a) joint b) united c) unified d) combined
1.9 If you have saved some money, it is a good idea to put the money into a account.
a) lump
b)deposit
c) pile

d) heap
1.10 However hard I try, I find it impossible to account this missing sum of money.a) tob) witha) by
c) by d) for
1.11 She was going to discuss the matter with her colleagues or her family.a) eitherb) butc) yetd) neither
 1.12 Our project team tried hard to think all the possible alternatives before makinga decision. a) of a) at b) by c) as
 1.13 Timing can be crucial when you're considering launching a new onlinemarketing campaign. a) already b) extremely c) greatly d) strongly
1.14 Are you able to our conditions of delivery in line with our recent invoice? a) except b) access c) accept d) expect
1.15 Fortunately for us we're finding our new internet division is showing an increased
a) profit b) profits c) prophet d) profitably
1.16 In our line of business it is vital to host our website on our own server ofgetting someone else to do it.

a) besidesb) exceptc) butd) instead
 1.18 Following some recent research our engineers that our index system has scopefor fast improvement. a) found b) finds c) fined d) finding
1.19Before you employ new staff you should carry out a examination of theirpersonal qualities and professional experience. a) carefully b) careful c) carefulness d) caring
1.20 Thanks to the high standards of service we offer our customers, we have been ableto establish an excellenta) reputedlyb) reputablec) reputationd) repute
1.21 An interactive website can save your organisationamounts of time and money that would otherwise be spent on correspondence. a) significant b) significance c) significancy d) signify 1.22 My went very well. I think I will get the job a) Interview b)interstate c)invitation d)inspecting 1.23 She likes your of writing. a) test b) paper c) jester d) style

1.23 There is a water in the hallway next to the bathroom	
a) hole	
b) fountain	
c) thing	
d) fling	
1.24 This report is next week.	
a) expect	
b) date	
c) due	
d) gave	
1.25 I cannot print the flyers because the is out of paper	
a) impression	
b) machine	
c) impersonator	
d) printer	
2. Вопросы в открытой форме	
Fill in the blanks.	
2.1. Rome isfor its ancient buildings. (FAME)	
2.2. Chinese traditional food that we tried was great (REAL)2.3. All the participants were singing at the contest. (BEAUTIFUL)	
2.3. All the participants were singing at the contest. (BEAUTIFUL)2.4. Phantom of the Opera is a music show. (SENSATION)	
2.5 Maggie quickly and got into the warm bath (DRESS)	
2.6 The result was very strange! In fact it was(BELIEVABLE)	
2.7 Mark is alawyer from Chicago. (SUCCESS)	
2.8 If you want to be a famous artist, you should be more	
(CREATE).	
2.9 Tom is said to have hired ato murder his wife. (KILI	_)
2.10 Working with small children is a veryjob. (STRESS)	
2.11 We have known each other since our(CHILD)	
2.12 Detroit is renowned for the of cars (PRODUCE)	
2.13 If you make a goodat the interview, you will get the job.	
(IMPRESS)	
2.14 You are never too old to go to college and gain some(QUALIFY)	
2.15 Some old laws are no longer (EFFECT) 2.16 The weathermen says there is a strong of rain today (POSSIBLE)	- 71
2.16 The weatherman says there is a strongof rain today (POSSIBLI 2,17I always have my mobile phone with me. I am completely without it.	رند
(HELP)	
2.18 Eating chips is not very (HEALTH).	
2.19 I love these shoes. They are so(COMFORT).	
2.20 I want to be a when I'm older. (SCIENCE)	
2.21 It's snowing. You need to ride your bike(CAREFUL).	

- 2.22 These colours do not look (NATURE).
- 2.23 I've an who does some of the work (ASSIST).
- 2.24 The air needsand care (PROTECT)
- 2.25 He has always wanted to be a great..... (SCIENCE).
- 3. Вопросы на установление правильной последовательности Make sentences from the given words.
 - 3.1 Susan / office / was / the/ talking / into / to / came /her / boss/ colleague / her /when .
 - 3.2 achieved/ I / they've/ really / everything/ parents/ respect / my / for.
 - 3.3Ben / colleagues/ his/ has /all/ a / with /relationship / good.
 - 3.4 We/ called/ were/ Julia / reading / papers/ the / Sunday/ when.
 - 3.5 successful / A/ qualifications / business / formal / executive /need/ doesn't /necessarily .
 - 3.6 We / old/ really / photos/ enjoy / at/ looking.
 - 3.7 Sally / else/ has / something/ already / this/ so/ seen / film / watch/ we/ why /don't
 - 3.8 The / rules/ new/ workers / company's / are / the / about / confused.
 - 3.91'm / I/ colleagues/ When / delegate/ busy/ my/ some / work/ the / to / of.
 - 3.10 working/stopped/It/computer/was/when/very/my/annoyed/I.
 - 3.11 speak / How / you/ languages / can/ many?
 - 3.12 it / door/ The / was / open/ stuck / to/ but/ I/ finally/ managed.
 - $3.13 Y esterday \, / \, down \, / \, \, I \, / \, broke \, / \, couldn't \, / \, car \, \, drive \, / \, my \, / \, home/ \, because$
 - 3.14 yet / you / Have / report / you / the / finished?
 - 3.15 home / I / When at / got / number/ to / phone / the/ her / had/ restaurant / realized/I / left/ that /I.
- 3.16~ By / cities / the / six/ time / in / she / lived / was / had / eighteen/ she .
 - 3.17 England / People / in / under / smoke / eighteen / mustn't.
 - $3.18\ website\ /\ I\ /\ yesterday\ /\ While\ /\ studying\ /\ I\ /\ was\ /\ this\ /\ found\ /\ great.$
 - 3.19 house / moving / I'm / of / soon / thinking.
 - 3.20 Lorenzo/ love / come / at / is / working / weekend / see / would / to / and / you / We

/ but.

- 3.21 I/French/at/when/I/school/at/was/learning/started.
- $3.22\ I\ /\ my\ /\ she\ /\ looking\ /\ When\ /\ last\ /\ Madrid\ /\ saw\ /\ sister\ /\ in\ /\ was\ /\ for\ /\ flat\ /\ a.$
- 3.23 into / because / I / the / I / car / crashed / wasn't / where looking /going.
- 3.24 we / tonight / Are / the / to / theatre / going?
- 3.25 have/I/seen/new/the/picture/Shilov/by

4. Вопросы на установление соответствия.

Computers can help students perform

4.1

1.

2. They can be used to teach courses such b) used for administrative purposes. 3. PCs are also c) mathematical operations and solve difficult questions 4.2 1. Airline pilots use computers to a) help them control the plane monitors display data about fuel 2. computers are used to manage radar b) systems and regulate air traffic. In airport control towers, 3. consumption and weather c) conditions. 43 1. Travel agents use computers to find to help them control the plane. a) 2. Airline pilots use computers out about the b) availability offlights Computers store information about 3. the amount of money held by each c) client. 4.4 1. How much is this tin of time to see the match start. a) If you ask your teacher questions b) tuna, sir? 3. We finally got to the stadium just in you'll know the subject better. 4.5 1. When you rang, I was in cake do you want? a) How many slices of you won't get wet. b) 3. If you take an umbrella today the middle of cleaning my football boots. 4.6 1. I waited outside the tennis club for juice you are looking for? a) a long time, but George didn't appear. 2. If you go to bed earlier b) 3. Is this a carton of you'll feel better in the morning. 4.7 1. We are writing a) you won't be hungry. 2. If you have something to eat bread, please. b) 3. Don't forget to buy a loaf c) to inform you about our next exhibition. 4.8 1. If you turn on the electrical heater to meeting you in September. a) I look forward after joining the gym. b) 3. Lenona lost some weight you'll feel warmer. 4.9 but he is not very friendly. Jeremy and Ben have If you put the light on much in common. b) 3. He is famous you'll see better. c) 4.10 1. If you have any question a) you'll see better. If you put the light on on well with our parents. b) 3. My brother and I get please do not hesitate to contact me. 4.11 We are interested out with his siblings. a) to hear about the conference in Madrid. If you turn on the electrical heater b)

you'll feel warmer.

as computer-aided design

a)

Harry sometimes falls

1. Could you please	a)	but I can't help you.
2. If you have something to eat	b)	send me some further information.
3. I'm sorry	c)	you won't be hungry.
4.13		
1. If you go to bed earlier	a)	for your recent application.
2. Jenny has to deal	b)	you'll feel better in the morning.
3. Thank you	c)	with her daughter's temper.
4.14		
1. I'd like to get	a)	at our website.
2. If you take an umbrella today	b)	to know the new boy in our class.
3. Please take a look	c)	you won't get wet.
4.15		,
1. If you ask your teacher questions	a)	to hear about the conference in Madrid.
2. If there's a fire	b)	you'll know the subject better.
3. We are interested	c)	keep calm and leave the building.
4.16	-	
1. If you use a map	a)	to inform you about our next exhibition.
2. My parents often spend	b)	you won't get lost.
3 We are writing	c)	time with us at the weekend.
4.17	Τ ,	
1. The students are having	a)	to meeting you in September.
2. If you buy a cat or a dog	b)	a difficult time during a test.
3 I look forward	c)	you won't feel lonely.
4.18		1 1 1 1
 Jeremy and Ben have Don't forget to buy a loaf 	a)	please do not hesitate to contact me. much in common.
	b)	
3 If you have any question 4.19	c)	bread, please.
1. Lenona lost some weight	a)	send me some further information.
2. Is this a carton of	b)	juice you are looking for?
3. Could you please	c)	after joining the gym.
4.20	-/	
1 As he was approaching the line	a)	a difficult time during a test.
2. He is famous	b)	he tripped and fell down.
3. The students are having	c)	but he is not very friendly.
4.21		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1. How many slices of	a)	time with us at the weekend.
2. Please take a look	b)	cake do you want?
3. My parents often spend	c)	at our website.
4.22		
1. How much is this tin of	a)	for your recent application.
2. If there's a fire	b)	tuna, sir?
3. Thank you	c)	keep calm and leave the building.
4.23		
1. Can I get a bar of chocolate for	a)	to know the new boy in our class.
2. I waited outside the tennis club for	b)	my brother, please?
3. I'd like to get	c)	a long time, but George didn't appear.
4.24		
1. When you rang, I was in	a)	with her daughter's temper.
2. It's great to appear on	b)	the middle of cleaning my football boots.
3. Jenny has to deal	c)	stage, with all the audience clapping.

1. We finally got to	o the stadium just in	a)	out with his siblings.
2. To release your p	physical tensions, march in	b)	time to see the match start.
3. Harry sometimes	falls	c)	time to the music as you are singing.

Шкала оценивания результатов тестирования: в соответствии с действующей в университете балльно- рейтинговой системой оценивание результатов промежуточной аттестации обучающихся осуществляется в рамках 100-балльной шкалы, при этом максимальный балл по промежуточной аттестации обучающихся по очной форме обучения составляет 36 баллов, по очно-заочной и заочной формам обучения — 60 баллов (установлено положением П 02.016). Максимальный балл за тестирование представляет собой разность двух чисел: максимального балла по промежуточной аттестации для данной формы обучения (36 или 60) и максимального балла за решение компетентностно-ориентированной задачи (6). Балл, полученный обучающимся за тестирование, суммируется с баллом, выставленным ему за решение компетентностно-ориентированной задачи. Общий балл по промежуточной аттестации суммируется с баллами, полученными обучающимся по результатам текущего контроля успеваемости в течение семестра; сумма баллов переводится в оценкупо 100-балльной и дихотомической шкале следующим образом:

Соответствие 100-балльной и дихотомической шкал

Сумма баллов по 100-балльной шкале	Оценка по дихотомической шкале		
100-50	Зачтено		
49 и менее	не зачтено		

2.2. Компетентностно-ориентированная задача.

Кейс-

задача №1

You are at the International scientific conference for the first time. You meet a famous scientist there and wantto talk with him about the branches of engineering that you are going to work in. What would you ask him about?

Кейс-

задача №2

Decide what sort of a computer is necessary for each of these users.

- John Willring is a salesperson and he spends a lot of time visiting customers. He wants a computer tocarry with him so he can access data about his customers and record his sales.
- Pal Nye is a personnel officer. She needs a computer to keep staff records and to keep a diary of appointments. She also needs a computer for writing letters.
- The University of the North needs a computer to look after its accounts, its network, the records of allstudents and stall, and to help with scientific research.
- The James family want a computer for entertainment, writing letters, the Internet, and for calculatingtax.

Кейс-

задача №3

Your friend is going to buy a new notebook. Give him a sound piece of advice for a better choice.

Кейс-

задача №4

Your computer has been broken. You are calling your friend for a piece of advice trying to describe the components you need to change.

Кейс-

задача №5

You are meeting your friend. He is a first-year student and wants to ask you about your studying at the University and your future profession. Give your opinion in some words. What would you advise to your friend?

Кейс-

задача №6

You are meeting your friend. He is a first-year student and wants to ask you about your studying at the University. He is asking whether you like the way you learn and what you'd like to change. Make some criticalremarks.

Кейс-

задача №7

Your friend is going to enter a University but he is not sure what profession to choose. He has written an e-mailin which he asked your advice. Your choice is to be an engineer. Explain what life opportunities this professiongives to a person. What personal qualities a modern engineer should have and develop?

Кейс-

задача №8

You would like to take part in the Academic exchange program. Please, introduce yourself and your University **Keŭc-**

задача №9

You are invited for a job interview. Make a short speech to introduce yourself and your educationalbackground. What questions would you ask about the company and the job you are applying for.

Кейс-

задача №10

You are buying a car in Europe. The language of communication is English. Think of the following characteristics in the order of importance to you: comfort, space, speed, reliability, safety, design, lowmaintenance costs, low fuel consumption, price or power. What would you ask the seller about?

Кейс-

задача

№11

Your friend is going to buy a car. You are discussing advantages and disadvantages of having a car of yourown. Share your opinion on pros and cons, for example:

- convenience;
- no crowded buses;
- traffic jams;
- difficulties with repairs and maintenance etc.

Кейс-задача №12

You got interested in a newspaper's article dealing with certain problems in the education systems of severalcountries. Do you agree or disagree with the author's statements? Express your own opinion on each point.

- Russia has a national education system.
- There is no difference between "high school" and "higher school" in the USA.
- Informal education involves people in learning during their daily life.
- Higher education is compulsory for getting a popular and demanded profession.
- Education by correspondence is very convenient.

It's enough to have general education to be a necessary specialist nowadays

Кейс-задача №13

Your friend is going to enter a university or a college in the UK. What do you think of it? Share your point ofview.

Кейс -задача №14

You're going to take part in a students' scientific conference. You're preparing a report about science andtechnology. What main points should be in your report?

Кейс-

задача 15

You are a TV reporter at the International scientific space conference. You meet a famous U.S. astronaut thereand have a possibility to interview him. What questions are you going to ask him?

Кейс-

задача

No 16

After graduating university your friend decided to build a career as an automotive engineer. But now he

doesn't really enjoy the type of work he is doing. Would you advise him to take the opportunity to develop his skills inanother field or to succeed in chosen one? Give your reasons.

Кейс-задача №17

You are looking for a job. Think of an occupation that interests you and look through the following list. Whichare the most important and the least important points to you? Give your reasons.

- high wages
- opportunity to use your own ideas
- on-job training when you begin
- further training
- opportunity to become a well-known specialist
- no special qualifications needed
- regular working hours
- flexible working hours
- work in a team with friendly people

Кейс-задача № 18

You are the editor-in-chief of the *Save the Planet* magazine. What issues would your magazine discuss (for example, pollution problems, enhancing food security, practicing organic farming, environmental protection, nature conservation etc.)? Share your vision.

Кейс-задача №19

You are going to join the Greenpeace organization. During the interview you was asked the question about the role of youth in solving ecological problems nowadays. Share your opinion.

Кейс-задача №20

You are preparing a report about the difference between the educational systems of Russia, the UK and the USA for a students' educational conference. Try to compare all these systems paying attention on such pointsas: stages of formal education, types of schools, vocational education, specific features of the educational system in the country.

Кейс-задача №21

Your university is going to hold an international research and practice conference. Invite your foreign colleagues to take part in it.

Кейс-задача №22

You got interested in the report of your foreign colleague at the international research and practice conference. Ask your colleague about his research interests. Speak about your research interest

Кейс-задача №23

You are going to take place in an international exhibition. Write a letter to some organization about the shipment of necessary equipment.

Кейс-задача №24

Invite a famous specialist in your field to deliver a course of lectures to the university students.

Кейс-задача №25

You want to get a position in a famous company. Write your CV.

Шкала оценивания: 3 балльная.

Критерии оценивания:

- **3 балла** (или оценка **«отлично»**) выставляется обучающемуся, если задача решена правильно, в установленное преподавателем время или с опережением времени, при этом обучающимся предложено оригинальное (нестандартное) решение, или наиболее эффективное решение, или наиболее рациональное решение, или оптимальное решение.
- **2 балла** (или оценка **«хорошо»**) выставляется обучающемуся, если задача решена правильно, в установленное преподавателем время, типовым способом; допускается наличие несущественных недочетов.
- **1 балл** (или оценка **«удовлетворительно»**) выставляется обучающемуся, если при решении задачи допущены ошибки некритического характера и (или) превышено установленное преподавателем время.
- **0 баллов** (или оценка **«неудовлетворительно»**) выставляется обучающемуся, если задача нерешена или при ее решении допущены грубые ошибки

3 семестр

 Вопросы в открытой форме 1.1 Fill in the blanks. Poverty is a major problem in America — and one that is extremely difficult to a) resolve b) decide c) determine
d) restore
 1.2 We normally serve five hundred every day a) customers b) consume c) customs d) commuters
1.3 At the annual picnic we will be hotdogs and chicken.a) picketingb) holdingc) servingd) rendered
1.4 From time time the inspector comes to make sure that everything meets healthstandards.a) inb) byc) ofd) to
 1.5 The bigger they are the harder they a) cry b) fall c) swim d) hit
 1.6 Do you keep your files in your desk a) drawer b) pocket c) leg d) envelop
 1.7 AWill is a legal document that informs the doctor of what care you would like to receive in specific situations. a) Legal b) Living c) Dying d) Final

 1.8 Ais a legal declaration that states how people want their belongings to be taken care of after their death a) Living will b) Estate insurance c) Will d) Contract
1.9 Because there is alwaysbetween "Will" and "Living Will", many states have adopted the names "Health Care Directive" or "Advanced Health Care Directive" for "Living Will". a) confusion b) mistakes c) mistakes d) lucidity
 1.10 Planning is the general planning of an individual's wealth, along with the arrangements for his will and taxes for after his death. a) State b) Will c) Life d) Estate
 1.11 Neither Will or Living Will can be replaced by one another. Aestate plan will contain both of these documents. a) deficient b) thorough c) inadequate d) incomplete
 1.12 This will assure them proper medical care when they need treatment for an illness or preservation of their mental of physical well-being. a) Health b) Obituary c) Mortgage d) Retirement
1.13 If you don't have a Will and you die, your estate will be comforming with a strict legal formula possibly causing a troublesome dispute over your belongings.a) accumulatedb) displacedc) disposedd) disarranged
 1.14 Although some do, it is not advisable for couples to write "Wills" for two reasons: it is only effective after both spouses die and it cannot be changed even if onlyone of them is dead a) Separate b) Joint c) Single

d) Widowed
 1.15 It is necessary for two witnesses who are not of the will to be present when anindividual signs his will. a) predecessors b) donors c) relatives d) beneficiaries
1.16 For a will to be properlyit must be signed a) executed b) sketchy c) read d) unfulfilled
 1.17 My grandfather keeps all his money in a under his bed. a) cash machine b) cash box c) cash dispenser d) cashier
1.18 What's the of India? a) cash b) money c) currency d) coin
1.19 The president stated in the press conference that the situation was very serious. a) economic b) economist c) economical d) economy
1.20 I like horse racing, but I never any money. I think gambling is stupid.a) winb) losec) earnd) bet
1.21 There's aat the bank if you need some money.a) currencyb) cash machinec) chequed) credit card
1.22 Alan's parents must beThey've just bought him a new car.

a) wealthy b) penniless c) millionaire d) bankrupt
1.23 As my uncle's an, he helps me manage my finances.a) underwriterb) actuaryc) millionaired) accountant
 1.24 When my grandfather died, I discovered that he left me some money in his a) cash machine b) credit card c) will d) savings
1.25 At the end of each month my employer pays myinto the bank.a) fundsb) wagesc) savingsd) finances
2.1. I don't think it is
2.14 Mark Twain wrote a lot of
2.19 People here are more interested inproblems (GLOBE). 2.20 Can you give me moreabout the event? (INFORM) 2.21 There were about 500 to the temple every day (VISIT)

- 2.22 Organize your time more(EFFICIENT).
- 2.23 His father has a very good...... of ancient coins.(COLLECT)
- 2.24 It's very to drink and drive. (DANGER)
- 2.25 You need a lot of to write a good story. (IMAGINE)

3. Вопросы на установление правильной последовательности

Make sentences from the given words.

- 3.1 inconvenience / for / I / the / apologize / do
- 3.2 it / good / sorry / I'm / enough / isn't / just / but
- 3.3 again / explain / you / Could / that?
- 3.4 here/live / Doesn't / mother /his / ?
- 3.5 Haven't film / seen/ this / we?
- 3.6 the / We / accident / TV / when / watching / about / were / we/ heard.
- 3.7 fine / If / a / don't / pay / take / to / this / have / book / I'll / back / today / to / library / the/ I.
 - 3.8 a / restaurant / Can / recommend / you / good?
- 3.9 week/ Paula/ last / and / started/ Jamie school.
- 3.10. It's / broken / you / stuff / the / fixing / for / use / things
- 3.11 It's / opening / something / for / tins / use / you
- 3.12 They / of / plastic / usually / recycled / are / bottles / made
- 3.13 want / you / us / you / Do / join / mean / don't / to?
- 3.14. sorry / quite / I / get / I'm / that / didn't
- 3.15 again / explain / you / Could / that?
- 3.16. home / I / walk / missed/ to /had / so/ bus/ the / I.
- 3.17The / yesterday / again / local / robbed / bank / was.
- 3.18station / Please / the / can / to / you/ get/ you /tell / how / me / to?
- 3.19apology / you / I / write / think / letter / should / a / of
- 3.20stay / to / that / I'm / didn't / sorry / enjoy / you / your / hear
- 3.21holiday/ Could / on/ I / go / borrow/ when /iPod / your ?
- 3.22 friends / The / my / film/ all / was / for / inspiring / DVD/ in/ the / opinion /my / so / I'm/ buying
- 3.23. parents/ We / my / can't / visiting/ come / are / to / we / your / because/ party / house-warming /
- 3.24 it / good / sorry / I'm / enough / isn't / just / but
- $3.25.\ me\ /\ I\ /\ to/\ didn't\ /\ it\ /\ understand\ /\ explained\ /\ the\ /\ Tom\ /\ film\ /\ after/\ \ even.$

4. Вопросы на установление соответствия.

4.1

- 4. Engineers use. a) supercomputers to design efficient cars
- 5. Supercomputer speeds are measured b) today are specially built for specific customers
- 6. Unlike home computers, most supercomputers c) in floating point operations per second

4.23. Input devices are the pieces of harmonic forms.

3. Input devices are the pieces of hardware which a) the keyboard and the mouse.

4. The most common are

b)all lower case letters.

3. This key gives you

c) allow us to enter information into the

computer.

4.3

4. Lenona lost some weight a) send me some further information.

5. Is this a carton of b) juice you are looking for?

6. Could you please c) after joining the gym.

4.4

4. As he was approaching the line a) a difficult time during a test.

5. He is famous

b) he tripped and fell down.

6. The students are having c) but he is not very friendly.

4.5

3. How many slices of a) time with us at the weekend.

4. Please take a look b) cake do you want?

3. My parents often spend c) at our website.

4.6

4. Can I get a bar of chocolate for a) to know the new boy in our class.

5. I waited outside the tennis club for b) my brother, please?

6. I'd like to get c) a long time, but George didn't appear.

4.7

4. When you rang, I was in a) with her daughter's temper.

5. It's great to appear on b) the middle of cleaning my football boots.

6. Jenny has to deal c) stage, with all the audience clapping.

4.8

4. We finally got to the stadium just in a) out with his siblings.

5. To release your physical tensions, march in b) time to see the match start.

6. Harry sometimes falls c) time to the music as you are singing.

4.9

4. I just play football for a) fun and it's not really meant to be serious.

5. Actually I wrote this story for b) on well with our parents.

6. My brother and I get c) fun, and I don't want to do it as a job.

4.10

3. If you buy a cat or a dog a) fun, and I don't want to do it as a job.

4. I loved that film and when it comes out b) you won't feel lonely.

5. I just play football for c) on DVD, I'll definitely get it.

4.11

1. It's great to appear on a) you won't get lost.

2.	If you use a map b) chocolate, ple	ease	?
3.	Can I get a bar of c) stage, with al	1 the	e audience clapping.
4.12			
1.	Computers can help students perform		a) as computer-aided design
2.	They can be used to teach courses such		b) used for administrative purposes
3.	•		is and solve difficult questions
<i>4</i> .13	r Cs are also C) mathematical opera	uon	is and solve difficult questions
	A ' 1' '1	. 1	41
1.		_	them control the plane
2.	1 5	b)	computers are used to manage radar
•	ms and regulate air traffic.		
3.	In airport control towers, c)		consumption and weather conditions.
4.14			
-	Jeremy and Ben have	a)	but he is not very friendly.
	If you put the light on	b)	much in common.
	He is famous	c)	you'll see better.
4.15			
	If you have any question	a)	you'll see better.
-	If you put the light on	b)	on well with our parents.
3. N	My brother and I get	c)	please do not hesitate to contact me.
4.16			
	We are interested	a)	out with his siblings.
	If you turn on the electrical heater	b)	to hear about the conference in Madrid.
	Harry sometimes falls	c)	you'll feel warmer.
4.17			
-	Could you please	a)	but I can't help you.
	f you have something to eat	b)	send me some further information.
3. I	'm sorry	c)	you won't be hungry.
4.18		ı	
1.	If you go to bed earlier	a)	for your recent application.
2. J	enny has to deal	b)	you'll feel better in the morning.
3. 7	Гhank you	c)	with her daughter's temper.
4.19			
1.	I'd like to get	a)	at our website.
2. I	f you take an umbrella today	b)	to know the new boy in our class.
3. I	Please take a look	c)	you won't get wet.
4.20			
1. I	f you ask your teacher questions	a)	to hear about the conference in Madrid.
2. I	f there's a fire	b)	you'll know the subject better.
3. V	We are interested	c)	keep calm and leave the building.
4.21			
1.	If you have any question	a)	you'll see better.
2.	If you put the light on	b)	on well with our parents.
	My brother and I get	c)	please do not hesitate to contact me.
4.22			
	We are interested	a)	out with his siblings.
	If you turn on the electrical heater	b)	to hear about the conference in Madrid.
	Harry sometimes falls	c)	you'll feel warmer.
4.23	-		-
1.	Could you please	a)	but I can't help you.

2. If you have something to eat	b) send me some further information.	
3. I'm sorry	c) you won't be hungry.	
4.24		
1. If you go to bed earlier	a) for your recent application.	
2. Jenny has to deal	b) you'll feel better in the morning.	
3. Thank you	c) with her daughter's temper.	
4.25		
1. I'd like to get	a) at our website.	
2. If you take an umbrella today	b) to know the new boy in our class.	
3. Please take a look	c) you won't get wet.	

Шкала оценивания результатов тестирования: в соответствии с действующей в университете балльнооценивание результатов рейтинговой системой промежуточной аттестации обучающихся осуществляется в рамках 100-балльной шкалы, при этом максимальный балл по промежуточной аттестации обучающихся по очной форме обучения составляет 36 баллов, по очно-заочной и заочной формам обучения – 60 баллов (установлено положением П 02.016). Максимальный балл за тестирование представляет собой разность двух чисел: максимального балла по промежуточной аттестации для данной формы обучения (36 или 60) и максимального балла за решение компетентностно-ориентированной задачи (6). Балл, полученный обучающимся за тестирование, суммируется с баллом, выставленным ему за решение компетентностно-ориентированной задачи. Общий балл по промежуточной аттестации суммируется с баллами, полученными обучающимся по результатам текущего контроля успеваемости в течение семестра; сумма баллов переводится в оценку по 100-балльной и дихотомической шкале следующим образом :

Соответствие 100-балльной и дихотомической шкал

Сумма баллов по 100-балльной шкале	Оценка по дихотомической шкале
100-50	Зачтено
49 и менее	не зачтено

2.2. Компетентностно-ориентированная задача.

Кейс-задача №1

Your friend is going to buy a car. You are discussing advantages and disadvantages of having a car of your own. Share your opinion on pros and cons, for example:

- convenience;
- no crowded buses;
- traffic jams;
- difficulties with repairs and maintenance etc.

Кейс-задача №2

Your university is going to hold an international research and practice conference. Invite your foreign colleagues to take part in it.

Кейс-задача №3

You got interested in the report of your foreign colleague at the international research and practice conference. Ask your colleague about his research interests. Speak about your research interest

Кейс-задача №4

You are going to take place in an international exhibition. Write a letter to some organization about the shipment of necessary equipment.

Кейс-задача №5

Invite a famous specialist in your field to deliver a course of lectures to the university students.

Кейс-задача №6

You are at the International scientific conference for the first time. You meet a famous scientist there and want to talk with him about the branches of engineering that you are going to work in. What would you ask him about?

Кейс-задача №7

Decide what sort of a computer is necessary for each of these users.

- John Willring is a salesperson and he spends a lot of time visiting customers. He wants a computer to carry with him so he can access data about his customers and record his sales.
- Pal Nye is a personnel officer. She needs a computer to keep staff records and to keep a diary of appointments. She also needs a computer for writing letters.
- The University of the North needs a computer to look after its accounts, its network, the records of all students and stall, and to help with scientific research.
- The James family want a computer for entertainment, writing letters, the Internet, and for calculating tax.

Кейс-задача №8

Your friend is going to buy a new notebook. Give him a sound piece of advice for a better choice.

Кейс-задача №9

Your computer has been broken. You are calling your friend for a piece of advice trying to describe the components you need to change.

Кейс-задача №10

You are meeting your friend. He is a first-year student and wants to ask you about your studying at the University and your future profession. Give your opinion in some words. What would you advise to your friend?

Кейс-задача №11

You are meeting your friend. He is a first-year student and wants to ask you about your studying at the University. He is asking whether you like the way you learn and what you'd like to change. Make some critical remarks.

Кейс-задача №12

Your friend is going to enter a University but he is not sure what profession to choose. He has written an e-mail in which he asked your advice. Your choice is to be an engineer. Explain what life opportunities this profession gives to a person. What personal qualities a modern engineer should have and develop?

Кейс-задача №13

You would like to take part in the Academic exchange program. Please, introduce yourself and your University *Кейс-задача №14*

You are invited for a job interview. Make a short speech to introduce yourself and your educational background. What questions would you ask about the company and the job you are applying for.

Кейс-задача №15

You are buying a car in Europe. The language of communication is English. Think of the following characteristics in the order of importance to you: comfort, space, speed, reliability, safety, design, low maintenance costs, low fuel consumption, price or power. What would you ask the seller about?

Кейс-задача №16

You got interested in a newspaper's article dealing with certain problems in the education systems of several countries. Do you agree or disagree with the author's statements? Express your own opinion on each point.

- Russia has a national education system.
- There is no difference between "high school" and "higher school" in the USA.
- Informal education involves people in learning during their daily life.
- Higher education is compulsory for getting a popular and demanded profession.
- Education by correspondence is very convenient.

It's enough to have general education to be a necessary specialist nowadays

Кейс-задача №17

Your friend is going to enter a university or a college in the UK. What do you think of it? Share your point of view.

Кейс -задача №18

You're going to take part in a students' scientific conference. You're preparing a report about science and technology. What main points should be in your report?

Кейс-задача В

You are a TV reporter at the International scientific space conference. You meet a famous U.S. astronaut there

and have a possibility to interview him. What questions are you going to ask him?

Кейс-задача

№20

After graduating university your friend decided to build a career as an automotive engineer. But now he doesn't really enjoy the type of work he is doing. Would you advise him to take the opportunity to develop his skills in another field or to succeed in chosen one? Give your reasons.

Кейс-задача №21

You are looking for a job. Think of an occupation that interests you and look through the following list. Which are the most important and the least important points to you? Give your reasons.

- high wages
- opportunity to use your own ideas
- on-job training when you begin
- further training
- opportunity to become a well-known specialist
- no special qualifications needed
- regular working hours
- flexible working hours
- work in a team with friendly people

Кейс-задача № 22

You are the editor-in-chief of the *Save the Planet* magazine. What issues would your magazine discuss (for example, pollution problems, enhancing food security, practicing organic farming, environmental protection, nature conservation etc.)? Share your vision.

Кейс-задача №23

You are going to join the Greenpeace organization. During the interview you was asked the question about therole of youth in solving ecological problems nowadays. Share your opinion.

Кейс-задача №24

You are preparing a report about the difference between the educational systems of Russia, the UK and the USA for a students' educational conference. Try to compare all these systems paying attention on such pointsas: stages of formal education, types of schools, vocational education, specific features of the educational system in the country.

Кейс-задача №25

You are meeting your friend. He is a first-year student and wants to ask you about your studying at the University. He is asking whether you like the way you learn and what you'd like to change. Make some critical remarks.

Шкала оценивания: 3 балльная.

Критерии оценивания:

- **3 балла** (или оценка **«отлично»**) выставляется обучающемуся, если задача решена правильно, в установленное преподавателем время или с опережением времени, при этом обучающимся предложено оригинальное (нестандартное) решение, или наиболее эффективное решение, или наиболее рациональное решение, или оптимальное решение.
- **2 балла** (или оценка **«хорошо»**) выставляется обучающемуся, если задача решена правильно, в установленное преподавателем время, типовым способом; допускается наличие несущественных недочетов.
- 1 балл (или оценка «удовлетворительно») выставляется обучающемуся, если при решении задачи допущены ошибки некритического характера и (или) превышено установленное преподавателем время.
- **0 баллов** (или оценка **«неудовлетворительно»**) выставляется обучающемуся, если задача не решена или при ее решении допущены грубые ошибки