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Кафедра иностранных языков

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### **Grammar Review: Tests**

Методические указания для самостоятельных занятий по иностранному языку для обучающихся на факультета экономики и менеджмента по направлениям подготовки:

38.03.01 Экономика, 38.03.02 Менеджмент, 38.03.03 Управление персоналом 38.05.01 Экономическая безопасность, 39.03.01 Социология

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**Grammar Review: Tests**: для самостоятельных занятий / Юго-Зап. гос. ун-т; сост.: Н.И. Власенко, Т.В. Кружилина Курск, 2022. с 40.

Методические указания для практических занятий по иностранному языку для обучающихся на факультете экономики и менеджмента по направлениям подготовки: 38.03.01 Экономика, 38.03.02 Менеджмент, 38.03.03 Управление персоналом, 38.05.01 Экономическая безопасность, 39.03.01 Социология соответствуют федеральному государственному образовательному стандарту высшего образования.

Цель методических указаний — изучение и повторение грамматики, освоение базовой терминологии на основе грамматических клише, позволяющих принимать участие в устном общении на английском языке в объеме, предусмотренном программой, а также подготовка будущих специалистов к международному профессиональному общению на английском языке по широкому профилю специальности.

Текст печатается в авторской редакции

### **TESTS**

### Article(I)

- 1. Какой из представленных вариантов неверен?
- a) His brother Michael is here.
- b) Are there any pencils in the box?
- c) London is the capital of the Great Britain.
- d) The weather is nice today.
- 2. В каком из примеров верно использован артикль?
- a) I want to see a interesting movie.
- b) What great a day!
- c) It's quite the problem.
- d) All the children are ill.
- 3. Подберите наиболее точный эквивалент фразе "Yesterday I bought a pen. The pen helped me to write a test. The test is very important".
- а) Вчера я купил какую-то ручку. Ручка помогла мне написать этот тест. Он очень важен.
- b) Вчера я купил ручку. Эта ручка помогла мне написать один тест. Тест очень важен.
- с) Вчера я купил какую-то ручку. Эта ручка помогла мне написать один тест. Этот тест очень важен.
- d) Вчера я купил эту ручку. Она помогла мне написать тест. Этот тест очень важен.
- 4. Выберите верный перевод фразы "Мой друг инженер".
- a) My friend is a engineer. b) My friend is an engineer.
- c) My friend is the engineer. d) My friend is engineer.
- 5. Выберите правильно составленное выражение.
- a) an pear b) some cereal c) an apples d) a water
- 6. В каком предложении употребляется артикль "а"?
- a) They live in ... big house in the countryside.
- b) He lives with ... family of his son.
- c) Paris is ... capital of France.
- d) ... hotel we stayed at was very nice.

- 7. В каком случае должен употребляться артикль "а"? a) There is ... chair in the room. b) I have ... pencils. d) I'm looking for ... friends. c) Do you have ... money? 8. В каком случае должен употребляться артикль "а"? a) My parents, ... members of this club, are late. b) He will bring ... pack of salt. c) What ... day is it today? d) ... children can do it. 9. В каком случае должен употребляться артикль "the"? a) My sister is ... dentist. b) Give me ... key you took. c) ... Moscow is our capital. d) What ... date is it? 10. В каком случае должен употребляться артикль "the"? a) ... sun is the closest star to us. b) I don't like ... sugar. c) He is ... teacher. d) There are ... problems with my homework. Article (II) 1. В каком предложении необходимо вставить артикль? a) She bought \_ meat yesterday. b) My \_ cousin is upset. c) I see \_ book in your hand. d) It is my sister's \_ bag. 2. В каком предложении необходимо вставить определенный артикль? a) What is \_ weather like today? b) We have \_ large family. c) What \_ good day! d) My aunt is \_ teacher.
- 3. В каком предложении необходимо вставить неопределенный артикль?
- a) There are two \_ cups on the table.
- b) My \_ sister has blue eyes.
- c) I live in \_ large city.
- d) It is \_ seventh of December.

- 4. В каком случае артикль не употребляется?
- a) \_ sun is shining in the sky.
- b) I saw \_ beautiful landscapes in that part of the country.
- c) Give me \_ flower, please.
- d) Where is picture?
- 5. В каком случае артикль употребляется?
- a) Is your father at \_ home?
- b) She works at \_ school.
- c) You have some \_ pencils.
- d) There is a large fountain in \_ middle of the city.
- 6. I have (1) pen, but I have no (2) pencils.
- a) 1) the; 2) a b) 1) a; 2) a
- c) 1) ...; 2) a d) 1) a; 2) ...
- 7. There is (1) small chair in (2) corner of our room.
- a) 1) the; 2) a
- b) 1) the; 2) ...
- c) 1) a; 2) the
- d) 1) ...; 2) the
- 8. What (1) colour is his (2) shirt?
- a) 1) a; 2) the b) 1) ...; 2) ...
- c) 1) the; 2) a d) 1) a; 2) ...
- 9. Выберите вариант ответа, в котором употребляются только определенные артикли.
- a) Let's go to \_ shop. I want to buy \_ bread and \_ milk.
- b) \_ sun is shining brightly in \_ sky. What \_ good weather!
- c) My brother is \_ best pupil in his class. Now he is reading something in \_ corner of room.
- d) John had \_ very interesting conversation with his \_ old friend. They talked almost all \_ night.
- 10. Выберите вариант ответа, в котором употребляются только неопределенные артикли.
- a) The Nile is \_ longest river in the world. The Amazon is \_ not so long, but it is very \_ deep.

b) She had _ bad day today. There were _ problems at _ work.
<ul><li>c) _ bedroom is _ large room with two windows. Windows are _ very large.</li><li>d) Yesterday I received _ letter from my friend. He said he lived in _ big house.</li></ul>
Article (III)
1. This book is about Central Africa. a) the b) a c) - d) an
<ul> <li>2 Volga is the longest river in Europe.</li> <li>a) a b) the c) an d) –</li> </ul>
<ul><li>3 Elbrus is the highest mountain in Russia.</li><li>a) - b) the c) an d) a</li></ul>
4. Is Malta in Mediterranean? a) a a b) c) the the d) the
5 Kremlin is the heart of Moscow. a) - b) the c) an d) a
6 Tate Gallery is the main modern art museum in London. a) an b) a c) the d) –
7. He was in Northern Ireland last year. a) - b) the c) a d) an
<ul> <li>8. The USA is washed by Atlantic Ocean.</li> <li>a) an b) the c) - d) a</li> <li>9. Rembrandt, a famous painter, was born in Netherlands.</li> <li>a) a b) - c) an d) the</li> </ul>
10 Morocco is in North Africa. a) the b) c) the the d) the

# Noun

1. Образуйте форму множественного числа существительного leaf.
a) leaves b) leaves c) leafs d) leafes
2. Какое из существительных не образует множественное число при помощи окончания -es?
a) city b) key c) box d) dish
3. Образуйте верную форму множественного числа существительного potato.
a) potatos b) potats c) potatoes d) potates
4. Какое из существительных образует множественное число путем изменения согласной f?
a) chief b) roof c) safe d) wife
5. Множественное число какого из существительных образовано неправильно?
a) businessmen b) teeth c) mouses d) foxes
6. Какое из существительных не имеет особой формы множественного числа?
a) foot b) ear c) deer d) child

7. В каком из примеров приведено существительное в единственном числе?

a) women b) garden c) oxen d) brethren

8. Какое существительное образует множественное число при помощи окончания -s?
a) basis b) datum c) piano d) phenomenon
9. Укажите существительное с одинаковой формой единственного и множественного числа.
a) ship b) sleep c) penny d) sheep
10. Какое существительное в английском языке употребляется как в единственном, так и во множественном числе?
a) trousers (брюки) b) scissors (ножницы) c) gates (ворота) d) clothes (одежда)
Pronoun (I)
1. The teacher is helping to translate the text.
a) she b) her c) he d) it
2. My friend is going to write a letter to today.
a) me b) she c) I d) it
3. This book is not suitable for
a) she b) they c) I d) them

4. Victor is a doctor works in hospital.
a) she b) I c) he d) they
5. I met at the station. a) they b) them c) he d) she
6. He addressed his speech to not to a) he me b) him I c) him me d) he I
7. The pencils are on the table. Give to, please. a) they I b) them I c) they me d) them me
8. This magazine is for a) you b) he c) she d) they
9. Where is Elena?is in the garden. a) he b) she c) you d) they
10. He saw at the party. a) they b) he c) theirs d) us
Pronoun (II)
1. I clean teeth every morning.
a) my b) your c) her d) our
2. The girl was sitting at the table eyes were full of tears.
a) his b) their c) her d) its
3. Tom, this is Jack father works at our school.
a) their b) her c) our d) his

4. Your children sing very well voices are strong.
a) our b) their c) her d) its
5. We went to Brazil in the belief that we would enjoy trip.
a) their b) my c) our d) her
6. Boris looks like father eyes are brown like father's.
a) his, His, his b) their, His, his c) his, Its, his d) his, His, its
7. You have to grow up actions are rush.
a) his b) her c) their d) your
8. We have always dreamt of having a baby. Hopefully, dreams come true.
a) their b) our c) her d) its
9. I am a very hardworking person. I come after university, have dinner and start doing homework at once.
a) their b) her c) his d) my
10. You are such a smart girl excellent marks at school prove it.
a) her b) his c) your d) our
Pronoun (III)

## Pronoun (III)

1. This is not my pencil, ... is green.

10. Whose jacket is this? – Oh, my father had a birthday yesterday and my mother presented him this jacket. That's why I'm sure it's ... b) ours a) hers c) its d) his Pronoun (IV) 1. There are ... beautiful portraits in his collection.

d) little

a) any

a) the

b) some

b) any

c) much of

c) some

2. It is extremely difficult for ... people to learn foreign languages.

d) few

	watched interbole b) much	•	s for quite a lo d) any	ong time.
4. I recomm a) several	end you to save b) a few	-	ey and buy a r d) any	nodern computer.
•	bsolutely sure b) a little		t document d) some	ts on his table?
немного гор a) Please, gi b) Please, br c) Please, br	е верный перерячего молока ve me some watering me some hoting me some hoting me some hoting me some hoting me some h	и снотворн arm milk and ot milk and milk and a	noe. d a pill. a sleepy pill. sleeping pill.	еси мне, пожалуйста.
	is so popular to some c)	•	buy it in bo d) any	ook store.
• •	peaking, I didn b) some c)		is poems. d) the	
	re twenty pu b) more than	-		y
10. I will cena) each	rtainly buy you	ring you	want, if you a	agree to marry me.
	as born in Salz b) at c	•		
2. It has bee a) on	n raining two	~	out stopping. d) at	
3. Many inte	eresting sugges b) onto			eeting.

a) on / in b) at / at c) in / in d) on / on
5. I'm just going out to do some shopping. I'll be back half an hour. a) at b) for c) while d) in
a) at b) for c) write d) iii
6. Kate works hard during the week, so she likes to relax the weekends.
a) in b) at c) for d) with
7. Our family always gets together Christmas Day.
a) at b) in c) on d) while
8. I haven't seen Ann a few days. I last saw her Tuesday.
a) during / on b) during / at c) for / on d) for / at 9. We met a lot of people we were on holiday that time, we also visited a lot
of museums and galleries.
a) while / During b) during / While c) for / At d) at / For
10. Tom doesn't see his parents very often – usually only the New Year and
sometimes the summer for a few days.
a) on / in b) on / at c) at / in d) at / on
Adjective / Adverb
1. She ran
a) quick b) quicker c) quickly d) the quickly
2. He drives too
a) fastly b) fast c) faster d) fastest
3. The team playedand lost the match.
a) badly b) worth c) worst d) bad

4. Please, listen
a) careful b) carefully c) care d) carely
5. My friends work, but they don't earn much money.
a) hardly b) harder c) hard d) hardest
6. At first we drawthen
a) quickly / slowly c) quickly / slow d) quick / slow d) quick / slow
7. I turned around, because there was ashout.
<ul><li>a) immediately / sudden</li><li>b) immediate / suddenly</li><li>c) immediate / suddenly</li><li>d) immediately / suddenly</li></ul>
8. Are you? Or is the book?
<ul><li>a) boring / boring</li><li>b) boring / bored</li><li>c) bored / bored</li><li>d) bored / boring</li></ul>
9. Be! Walk
<ul><li>a) careful / quietly</li><li>b) careful / quiet</li><li>c) carefully / quietly</li><li>d) carefully / quiet</li></ul>
10. She paints; she is apainter.
a) goodly / well b) goodly / good c) well / good d) good / good
Degrees of comparison  1. It wasmusic I have ever heard.
<ul><li>a) more beautiful</li><li>b) less beautiful</li><li>c) the most beautiful</li><li>d) beautiful</li></ul>
e) most beautiful
2. I havetime than he does.
a) bigger b) larger c) most d) less e) least

3. Your English is muchnow. You've mademistakes this time.
a) best / least b) better / less
c) the best / less d) good / less
e) best / the least
4. Please, tell me something than this old joke.
a) interesting b) less interesting
c) more interesting d) the most interesting
e) the least interesting
5. It is muchto speak English than to understand.
a) - b) the most difficult
c) more difficult d) difficult
e) most difficult
6. He isamong his classmates. a) old b) taller c) the youngest d) short e) higher
7. I makemistakes now than last year.
a) few b) fewer c) - d) the fewest e) fewest
8. It is to live here than there.
a) warm / most pleasant b) warmer / pleasant
c) warmest / pleasanter d) warmer / more pleasant
e) warm / more pleasant
9. Which iscountry in the UK?
a) industrial b) the most industrial
c) more industrial d) most industrial
e) industrial
10. Theyou start, theyou'll finish.
a) soon / more quickly b) sooner / more quickly
c) sooner / quickly d) soon / quickly
e) more sooner / more quickly

1. 145live in the Russian Federation.
a) millions people b) millions of people
c)million of people d)million people
2are starving in the world today.
a) Thousands people b) Thousands of people
3. You arewho asks me this stupid question.
a) fifth b) the fiveth c)the fifth d)five
4. Twoof my income I spend on my pet's food.
a) twelve b) twelfth c) twelves d) twelfths
5. Everyperson in our company is not satisfied with his salary.
a) three b) the third c) third
6. Ok! See you onof April.
a) the twentyth-seventh b) twenty-seven c) the twenty-seventh
7. It ishit. I like such songs.
a) his the third b) his third c) the third his
8 of the territory is covered with ice.
a) one thirds b) one third
9. This bouquet costsdollars!
a) two hundreds b) two hundred c) two hundred of
10. Two thirds of my workdedicated to the theory of the subject.
a) are b) is

# Present Simple / Present Continuous

1. Whereon holidays?
a) you go b) do you go c) do you going d) are you go
2. Ilots of books every year.
a) will read b) am reading c) read d) am going to read
3. Weto a party next Saturday.
a) go b) goes c) are going d) went
4to go out tonight?
<ul><li>a) do you want</li><li>b) are you wanting</li><li>c) is you want</li><li>d) would you want</li></ul>
5. Every morning Tessaat 7.30.
a) is getting up b) got up c) get up d) gets up
6. Oh, someonein my seat!
a) is sitting b) sits c) will sit d) sit
7. I'm sorry. I can't help you at the moment. Idinner.
a) will cook b) am cooking c) cook d) cooked
8. In Britain peopleon the right.
a) are driving b) drives c) drive d) drove
9. Whatin your free time?
a) are you doing b) do you do c) you do d) are you do

10.	Jack's a	policeman	but he	a uniform.

a) doesn't wear b) isn't wearing c) no wear d) wears

# Present Simple Tense / Past Simple Tense

1a good time last night?
a) did you have b) were you having
c) will you have d) are you having
2. Whereon holidays?
a) you go b) do you go c) do you going d) are you go
3. We alla terrible shock.
a) were getting b) gets c) getting d) got
4. Ilots of books every year.
a) will read b) am reading c) read d) am going to read
5. I a new flat a few months ago.
a) bought b) have been buying c) have bought d) buy
6. Nurses after people in hospital.
a) looks b) is looking c) will look d) look
7to go out tonight?
a) do you want b) are you wanting
c) is you want d) would you want
8. Hesome new shoes last month.
a) bought b) buying c) buy d) buys
9. Ifour languages.

a) am speaking	b) speak	c) speaks	d) am spea	ık		
10. Every morning	g Tessa	_at 7.30.				
a) is getting up	b) got up	c) get up	d) gets up			
11. The sun	_in the day ti	me.				
a) shine b) sho	ne c) is	shining	d) shines			
12. Ia very	good prograi	n on TV las	t night.			
a) was seeing	b) see c)	am seeing	d) saw			
13. In Britain peop	leon	the right.				
a) are driving b	) drives	c) drive	l) drove			
14. Jack's a polic	eman but he_	a uni	form.			
a) doesn't wear	b) isn't w	earing	c) no wear	d) wears		
15. How many children?						
a) are you having b) do you have						
c) do you have got d) are you have						
16. Weto have a cup of coffee.						
a) decided b) were deciding						
c) decides d) will deciding						
17. Howyour finger?						
a) are you cutting b) were you cutting						
c) did you cut d) you cut						
18. Ithe champion last week.						
a) saw b) have s	seen c) s	see d) se	een			
19. The Flash's c	oncert	fantastic 3	years ago.			

b) would be/would catch

d) comes/catch

7. Next week my parents ... from a long distance voyage.

b) would return

d) will have returned

a) will come/ will catch

c) will come/would

a) will be returned

c) will return

8. In ten days he healthy as usual if he sticks to the doctor's rules and recommendations. a) won't b) will c) will have d) will be
<ul> <li>9. In several days she a diploma and afterwards she job-hunting.</li> <li>a) Would get/would start b) will have got/ will start</li> <li>c) will get/will start d) will be getting/starts</li> </ul>
10. What they the day after tomorrow if they have no money. a) will/bought b) will/be buying c) would/buy d) will/buy
Present Continuous Tense
<ul><li>1. Now I in the club. And what about you? What are you doing?</li><li>a) am dancing</li><li>b) is dancing</li><li>c) are danced</li><li>d) dancing</li></ul>
<ul><li>2. Right now he home.</li><li>a) drives b) is driving</li><li>c) are driving d) will drive</li></ul>
<ul><li>3. Listen! Somebody to break into our house! Call the police immediately.</li><li>a) is trying b) are trying</li><li>c) tries d) tried</li></ul>
4. Look! All the teachers at him. He may be expelled from school in a little while.
<ul><li>a) is shouting</li><li>b) am shouting</li><li>c) shout</li><li>d) are shouting</li></ul>
<ul><li>5. More and more animals extinct. We need to take care of nature.</li><li>a) is becoming</li><li>b) are becoming</li><li>c) become</li><li>d) will become</li></ul>
6. She's always at me when she's in a bad mood (в этом случае означает негодование).

a) nag	b) nagged					
c) nagging	c) nagging d) nags					
7. At this instar (сеять).	it we are not	down (скашивать) the grass, we sowing				
a) mowing/ are	b) mow	ring/is				
c) mown/ are		-				
8. Don't talk so	loudly. Our se	on in his room.				
a) are studying	b) study	ving				
c) is studying	d) studio	es				
9. My nephew	for another	job these days. He wants to work at night.				
a) are looking	b) look					
c) looking	d) is look	ing				
10. Just now we	e the table a	and washing up.				
a) is clearing	b) are clea	aring				
c) clear	d) clears					
Past Continuoi	us / Past Simp	$oldsymbol{le}$				
	_	the shopping.				
1. 1a 11N	ma wille i	uic shopping.				
		) met / was doing				
c) meet / do	d	) met / did				
2. Ifor n	ny things wher	n Isomeone call my name.				
a) paid / was hearing b) pay / heard						
c) was paying / hear d) was paying / heard						
3. Iand 1	Ithe kn	ife.				
a) cooked / was	dropping	b) cook / drop				
c) was cooking	/ dropped	d) cooked / dropped				
4. What	at 8.00 last nig	eht?				

a) did you do b) you did c) were you doing d) are you doing				
c) were you doing a) are you doing				
5. While Ithis morning, Imy money. I don't know how.				
a) shopped / lose b) was shopping / lost				
c) shopped / was losing d) shop / lose				
6. When we came in hesomething on the paper.				
a) was writing b) were writing				
c) is writing d) wrote				
7. Iround andPaula.				
a) turned / saw b) was turning/ was seeing				
c) turn / was seeing d) was turning / saw				
8. While wea drink, a waitera pile of plates.				
a) had / was dropping b) have / dropped				
c) have / drop d) were having / dropped				
9. Ito get up this morning. Itand it was cold, and my bed was so warm.				
<ul><li>a) don't want / is raining</li><li>b) am not wanting / rains</li><li>c) wasn't wanting / rained</li><li>d) didn't want / was raining</li></ul>				
c) wasn't wanting / rained d) didn't want / was raining				
10. Ito the news on the radio when the phone				
a) listened / was ringing b) am listening / was ringing				
c) was listening / rang d) listen / is ringing				
Past Simple / Past Continuous				
1. Hesome new shoes last month.				
a) bought b) buying c) buy d) buys				
2. A: did she a job?				
B: In the car factory.				

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a) when / get b) where / got c) who / get d) where / get
3. Max didn'tyesterday afternoon; heat home.
a) go out / stayed b) go out / stay c) went out / stayed d) went out / stay
4. A:youJane last month? B: No, I
a) * / saw / didn't b) did / see / didn't c) did / saw / didn't d) did / see / did
5. GeoffreyFrench before, but heat university now.
a) study didn't / studies b) didn't study / study c) did not study / studies d) didn't studied / studies
6. Ia friend while Ithe shopping
a) was meeting / did b) met / was doing c) meet / do d) met / did
7. Ifor my things when Isomeone call my name.
a) paid / was hearing b) pay / heard c) was paying / hear d) was paying / heard
8. While wea drink, a waitera pile of plates.
a) had / was dropping b) have / dropped c) have / drop d) were having / dropped
9. While the waiterup the broken plates, hehis finger.
a) picked / was cutting b) was picking / cut c) pick / cut d) picks / cut
10. While Ithis morning, Imy money. I don't know how
a) shopped / lose b) was shopping / lost c) shopped / was losing d) shop / lose

### Future Continuous

1.	 you	still	 	at	six	o	'clock?
_ •	 ,	~	 		~	_	

- a) Will / working / be
- b) Working / will / be
- c) Be / will / working
- d) Will / be / working
- 2. He ... ... at midnight.
- a) be / will / sleep
- b) be / will / sleeping
- c) will / be / sleeping
- d) will / be / sleep
- 3. We .....our flat in May.
- a) will / be / renovating
- b) will / be/ renovate
- c) will / being / renovate
- d) be / will / renovating
- 4. С каким из ниже перечисленных обозначений времени не употребляется Future Continuous?
- a) all day long
- b) at midnight
- c) at that moment
- d) last year
- 5. Выберите вариант ответа с правильным переводом данного предложения. "Когда я вернусь, они будут ужинать".
- a) When I will be coming back, they will be having supper.
- b) When I come back, they will be having supper.
- c) When I will be coming back, they have supper.
- d) When I come back, they will being have supper.
- 6. Выберите вариант ответа с правильным переводом данного предложения "I will be reading a book at five o'clock".
- а) Я читаю книгу в пять часов.
- b) Я прочитаю книгу в пять часов.
- с) Я буду читать книгу в пять часов.
- d) Я читал книгу в пять часов.
- 7. Выберите вариант ответа с правильным переводом данного предложения. "Если он будет спать, когда вы придете, разбудите его".
- a) If he will be sleeping when you come, wake him up.
- b) If he is sleeping when you come, wake him up.

c) If he will be sleep when you come, wake him up. d) If he is sleep when you come, wake him up.						
8. I for you at that moment.						
a) will be waiting b) will be wait c) will being wait d) be will waiting						
9. What you when he comes?						
a) will / be / do b) will / be / doing c) be / will / do d) be / will / doing						
10. Как на русский язык переводятся предложения во времени Future Continuous (в большинстве случаев)?						
а) будущим временем глагола совершенного вида b) будущим временем глагола несовершенного вида c) настоящим временем глагола совершенного вида d) настоящим временем глагола несовершенного вида						
Past Simple / Present Perfect						
1. Is it the second time you Russia? No, I Russia four or five times.						
<ul><li>a) have been to / have been to</li><li>b) had been to / was in</li><li>c) were in / was in</li><li>d) was going to / was to</li></ul>						
2. Tom and I friends since childhood.						
a) has been b) were c) have been d) was						
3. We a kitten 2 months ago.						
a) bought b) have bought c) were buying d) buy						
4. He his work yet.						

5. Last night my neighbour you in a perfumer's shop.						
a) seen	a) seen b) seed c) have seen d) saw					
6. We to	throw a part	y three da	ays ago b	out mother	. no.	
<ul><li>a) have decide</li><li>c) has decide</li></ul>		aid	b) decid d) were	ed / said deciding / sa	ny	
7 you	my letter fr	om the U	SA yet?	I it to you	ı a week ago.	
a) have – rec c) have – rec	•	_		b) did – rece d) are – rece		
8 you t	he newspap	er today?	•			
a) have / rea	d b) di	d / read	c) have	e / readed	d) did / readed	
9. Why y	ou enter the	college i	n 2010?			
a) not b)	haven't	c) were	e not d	) didn't		
10. Suvorov	never a s	ingle batt	tle.			
a) has lost b) lost c) did lose d) hasn't lost						
Present Perfect / Past Simple						
1. Anna a good job.						
a) finds	b) has fou	nd c	) founded	d d) hav	e found	
2. I a new flat a few months ago.						
a) bought	b) have b	oeen buyi	ing c) h	ave bought	d) buy	
3 Paul Simon's latest record?						
a) have you heard b) have you been hearing c) did you hear d) are you heard						
4. Sorry. I one of your glasses.						

- a) have broken b) broke c) break d) have been breaking
- 5. ... you ever ... to London?
- a) has / been b) have / been c) have / were d) have / be
- 6. I ... not ... him since June.
- a) did / see b) did / seen c) have / saw d) have / seen
- 7. They ... John yesterday.
- a) met b) have met c) meted d) has met
- 8. Mary ... Paris for London in 2013.
- a) has left b) have left c) left d) leaved
- 9. I haven't done it ....
- a) yet b) already c) just d) since
- 10. She's ... the letter. She ... it yesterday.
- a) wrote / wrote b) written / written
- c) wrote / written d) written / wrote

## Present Perfect / Past Perfect

- 1. Why ... you ... my breakfast before I came back? Were you so hungry?
- a) have/eaten b) has/eaten c) had/eaten d) did/ate
- 2. When John made his mind (решится) to sign up for (записаться) English course, Tom ...already ... it.
- a) had/done b) have/done c) did/do d) has/done
- 3. We ... not ... to any foreign country yet but in the foreseeable future we intend to go abroad and take a trip.
- a) have/been b) have/seen c) had/been d) were/been

<ul><li>4. Shea member of our organization for more than 10 years.</li><li>a) has/be b) have/been c) was d) has/been</li></ul>
5. You are the most beautiful woman I ever Why are you single then? a) have/seen b) had/seen c) has/seen d) was/seen
6. She only for half a year for an employer before she was fired. a) has/worked b) had/worked c) worked d) was working
7. When I went to school I was very scared because I not my previous homework. a) had/done b) have/dove c) did/do d) was/doing
8. He's the 10th person whome what is the weather today this morning! a) has/ask b) has/asked c) had/asked d) was/asked
9. I'm looking for Kate. Can you tell me where she is at the moment? – I don't know, she just a) have/leved b) have/left c) has/leave d) has/left
10 your mother the table (накрывать на стол) by the time you were back from Canada? a) has/laid b) had/lad c) had/laid d) had/lying
Present Perfect Continuous / Present Perfect
1. Look at her hands! They are dirty! She fruits for 2 hours.
<ul><li>a) has been picking</li><li>b) have been picking</li><li>c) was picking</li><li>d) picked</li></ul>
2. Is it true that you to find me all day long?
<ul><li>a) has been tried</li><li>b) have been</li><li>c) have called</li><li>d) have been trying</li></ul>
3. Sorry. I one of your glasses.

Passive Voice	
<ul><li>a) finds</li><li>c) founded</li></ul>	b) has found d) has been finding
10. Anna a good	job.
a) has / been using c) did / use	<ul><li>b) have / been using</li><li>d) was / using</li></ul>
9. How long she	my cell phone? My account is blocked!
<ul><li>a) had been looked</li><li>c) was looking</li></ul>	<ul><li>b) had been looking</li><li>d) have been looking</li></ul>
8. Nobody wants to	hire me. I for a job since 2011.
<ul><li>a) have been shopped</li><li>c) had been shopped</li></ul>	
7. She's tired becau	ise she all day.
<ul><li>a) gave</li><li>c) have been giving</li></ul>	b) has been giving d) has given
6. Look what Pat	me for my birthday! A bike!
<ul><li>a) have been waitin</li><li>c) have been waited</li></ul>	g b) has been wait d) waited
5. I for you since	e seven o'clock. Why are you so late?
<ul><li>a) have been studie</li><li>c) have studied</li></ul>	s b) has studied d) has been studying
4. My daughter	since early morning.
<ul><li>a) have broken</li><li>c) have been broken</li></ul>	b) have been breaking d) have breaking

1. I hope that the truth\_\_\_\_very soon.

a) will find out b) will be finding out c) is found out e) shall find out				
<ul> <li>2. The sports competitions which on Sunday by a lot of people.</li> <li>a) are held / will be visited b) was held / will visit c) will held / will visit d) have been held / have visited e) will be held / will be visited and by a lot of people.</li> </ul>				
3. The business letterjust a) is / written b) has / been written c) was / written d) were / written e) is / going to write				
4. All the business lettersyesterday. Theyto the post office immediately a) answered / take b) were answered / took c) are answered / were taken d) answered / took e) were answered / were taken				
5. Ithat Iat the station at 5. a) was told / should be met b) told / is being met c) tells / am met d) am told / was met e) will be told / would be met				
6. By the time we came to the bookshop all books a) are sold b) were sold c) had been sold d) are being sold e) is being sold				
7. New schoolsin our city every year. a) is built build build d) are built e) have built				
8. This year a very beautiful theatrein our city. a) built b) was built c) has been built d) had been built e) has built				
0 This school next year				

- a) will close
- b) is closed
- c) will be closed
- d) was closed
- e) would be closed
- 10. It is winter. Everything \_\_\_\_with snow.
- a) is covered
- b) covered
- c) were covered
- d) will cover
- e) are covered

## Reported Speech

- 1. He says, -You are right.
- a) He says that I am right.
- b) He says which I right.
- c) He says I was right.

- d) He said I are right.
- 2. She says to him, -I have a right to know.
- a) She tells him that she would have a right to know.
- b) She tell him she have a right to know.
- c) She says him she has a right to know.
- d) She tells him that she has a right to know.
- 3. We said to them, -We have no money.
- a) we told them that we have no money.
- b) we told them that we had no money.
- c) we told them we have no money.
- d) we told to them that we had no money.
- 4. He said, -I have changed my opinion.
- a) he said that he had changed his opinion.
- b) he said that he have changed his opinion.
- c) he said that he would have changed his opinion.
- d) he said that he changed his opinion.
- 5. He said, –I will bring you a book tomorrow ||.
- a) He said that he would bring me a book the next day.
- b) He said that he will bring me a book the next day.
- c) He said that he brings me a book tomorrow.
- d) He said that he would bring me a book tomorrow.

- 6. They said, -We were in the USA the day before yesterday .
- a) They said that they had been in the USA two days after.
- b) They said that they had been in the USA the days before yesterday.
- c) They said that they have been in the USA two days before.
- d) They said that they had been in the USA two days before.
- 7. He asked her, -Do you speak English?
- a) He asked her if she have spoke English.
- b) He asked her if she speaks English.
- c) He asked her if she had spoke English.
- d) He asked her if she spoke English.
- 8. I asked them, -Have you been to Africa?
- a) I asked them whether they had been to Africa.
- b) I asked them whether they have been to Africa.
- c) I asked them whether they were to Africa.
- d) I asked them whether they would be to Africa.
- 9. He asked us, -What are your names?
- a) He asked us our names what were.
- b) He asked our what names are.
- c) He asked us what our names are.
- d) He asked us what our names were.
- 10. She said to me, -Don't talk to mell.
- a) She told me not to talk to her.
- b) She told me to not talk to her.
- c) She told me not to talk to me.
- d) She told me do not to talk to her.

#### **Modals**

1. \_\_\_\_\_you help me with my homework?
a) are b) may c) can d) need

2.	You	enter without a tie.		
a)	aren't	b) can't c) ought not d) weren't		
3.	We	leave now or we'll be late.		
		b) must c) can d) will		
4.	If you had	video, yourecord it yourself tonight.		
		o) can c) must d) may		
	B: .	nas been stolen.		
a)	You shoul	ring the police.  b) Will you phone the police?		
c)	Could you	ring the police? d) You are phoning the police.		
	A: She can B: Neither	•		
a)	do I	b) could I c) am I d) can I		
		t feel better yougo to bed. ) should c) don't have to d) needn't		
8.	You	get the 8.45 train. It doesn't stop at Yorkshire.		
	·	b) mustn't c) should d) don't have to		
	His illness peration.	got worse and worse. In the end hego into hospital for an		
_	-	b) must c) had to d) ought to have		
10. Youany more aspirins; you've had four already. a) mustn't take b) needn't have taken c) shouldn't have taken d) had better not take				
-,				
		_spanked her. She didn't deserve it.		
		ave b) needn't have		
C)	mustn t na	d) couldn't have		
	B: It	er who took my alarm clockJulia. Shesupposed to get up early.		
-	•	s b) could be / is		
c)	had to be	was d) must have been / was		

13. In a hundred years' tim	e weout of water	to drink.		
a) must have run				
c) should have run	d) may have run			
14. A: Did you enjoy the co	oncert?			
B: It was OK, but I	_to the theatre.			
) needn't have gone b) must have gone				
c) had better go	d) would rather have go	ne		
	_	with me so that Iread		
comic books without my p				
	b) was used to taking / could			
c) would take / can	d) would have taken /	was able to		
Gerund / Infinitive (I)				
Geruna / Injinuive (1)				
1. Do you likefootbaa) to watch b) watched		d) watching		
2. Thank you for me a) helping b) help		elped		
3. I'm afraid ofmist a) to make b) made		ing		
4. It is important				
a) to win b) winning	c) win d) v	won		
<ul><li>5. A: This problem is too d</li><li>B: Is it really too difficu</li><li>a) solving</li><li>b) solve</li></ul>	It for you?	lved		
6. Have you got anything_	9			
a) reading b) to read	c) read d) re	eads		
7. She is good at a) to swim b) swimm	ing c) swims d)	swum		
8. My father does the	_himself.			
a) ironing b) irons		ron		

9. My mother does all the a) cleaning b) to clean c) cleans d) clean					
10. The boyin the dentist's chair has got toothache. a) sitting b) sat c) to sit d) sits					
Gerund / Infinitive (II)					
<ul><li>1. He agreed the job as soon as possible.</li><li>a) start b) starting c) to start d) starts</li></ul>					
<ul><li>2. I stopped my book and went to bed.</li><li>a) to read b) read c) will read d) reading</li></ul>					
3. My teachers always expected mewell in exams. a) did b) doing c) do d) to do					
4. Let mefor the meal. You paid last time. a) pay b) to pay c) paid d) paying					
5. The dentist told memore careful when I brush my teeth. a) will be b) being c) to be d) be					
6. I never likedto church when I was a child. a) going b) to do c) went d) go					
7. You can'tyour car outside the hospital. a) parks b) to park c) park d) parking					
8. David always enjoyedfootball at school. a) to be played b) playing c) to play d) play					
9. My family is trying where to go on holiday. a) decided b) decide c) to decide d) deciding					
10. I'd like somewhere different for a change. a) went b) to go c) go d) going					
11. They preferin a swimming pool all day.					

7. He saw two girls.....on the stage.

a) to dance b) dancing

c) dances

d) are dancing

8. She made her brotherinto the water.				
a) to jump b) jump c) jumps d) jump to				
<ul><li>9. She didn't want her child to hospital.</li><li>a) to take b) take c) to taken d) to be taken</li></ul>				
10. Who you to drive? a) taught b) teach c) does teaches d) to teach				
Conditional Sentences				
1. If Imy entrance exams Ithe happiest man in the world.				
a) will pass / would be b) passed / am c) passed / would have been e) pass / will be b) passed / am d) will pass / be				
2. Whatyouif the trainin time?				
a) will be / doing / come b) did / will not come c) do / didn't / come d) have / done / came e) will / do / doesn't come				
3. If youtickets weParis.				
a) will buy / will visit b) bought / visit c) buys / visited d) were buying / should visit e) buy / will visit				
4. If you are free, watch the film theyon TV.				
a) shows b) showed c) are showing d) had showed e) have showed				
5. If my friendto our town next year Ihim the sights of the city.				
a) will come / show c) has come / is showing e) come / shows b) comes / will show d) is coming / will show				

6. If hein Tokyo heus.
a) was / will visit b) were / would visit c) will be / will visit d) is / would visit e) are / will visit
7. What would you do if a millionaireyou a lot of money.
a) gave b) give c) will give d) giving e) gives
8. If Ithe car myself Iyou use it.
a) needed / would let c) didn't need / wouldn't let e) doesn't need / would let b) don't need / would let d) didn't need / would let
9. If Iyou Inever her.
a) am / will forgive b) was / don't forgive c) were / would forgive d) had been / forgave e) will be / would have forgiven
10. Many people would be out of work if that factorydown.
a) had been closed c) was closing d) is closed e) will be closed
11. The boyat home an hour before, if hehis school at one o'clock last Monday.
a) would be / had left b) was / would leave c) had been / had left e) would have been / had left
12. If youhim yesterday heyou everything.
a) asked / told b) has asked / will tell c) asked / would tell d) had asked / would have told e) would ask / would have told
13. If youto me yesterday, wethis article.

a) came / will translate	b) would come / would translate					
c) had come / would have translated	,					
e) were coming / would be translating						
14. Sheif shethat she was ill.						
a) won't go out / knows b) di	idn't go out / knew					
c) hasn't gone out / has known d) wouldn't have gone out / had known e)						
doesn't go out / knows						
15. –Imy work if youme then. Thank you. ∥						
a) won't finish / don't help. b) l	haven't finished / don't help.					
c) wouldn't have finished / hadn't helped.						
d) don't finish / won't help.  e) didn't finish / helped.						